ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.

To be had of all respectable Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28658—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1892.

BEST CLARETS.

We have been Bordeaux shippers since 1815.

Qts. pts.		Qts. pts.
15-0 8-8	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	15-0 8-8
11-0 6-8		11-0 6-8
25-0 13-8	Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien	25-0 13-8
22-0 12-0		22-0 12-0
37-8 19-12	After Dinner—Chateau Lafite	37-8 19-12

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Illustrated Catalogue.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday.
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	6th Feb.
B.I.	THAMES	4078	800	W. A. Seaton	13th "
†	RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	20th "
B.I.	ROME	5300	1000	A. H. Daniel	27th "
†	SURAT	3142	500	R. Sleeman	5th Mar.
B.I.	KHEDIVE	3868	600	L. H. Moule	12th "
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	19th "
B.I.	MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	26th "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	2nd Apr.
B.I.	CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	9th "
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	16th "
B.I.	CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	30th "
B.I.	PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	7th May.
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	14th "
B.I.	ORIENTAL	4972	1000	E. Stewart	21st "
†	ASSAM	3038	500	G.W.F. Browne	27th May

Friday.

The steamers marked B. I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Tuesday, 5 p.m.,
SHANNON	4077	800	C. Edwards	22nd Mar.
PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	19th April.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	11th Feb.
PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	25th "
MALWA	2270	500	C. Preston	10th Mar.
RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	24th "
SURAT	3142	550	R. Sleeman	7th Apl.
THAMES	4078	800	W. Seaton	21st "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, February 3, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
11th February. 10th March.
7th April. 5th May.

For particular regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Jan. 6, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE
AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st April
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June,

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above Rates include Wine or Beer supplied at Meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

Passengers and their baggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's Steam Launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
ELEKTRA	C. Beilen	3,800	550	22nd March.

Calling at Aden, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
BERENICE	P. Morea	3,200	500	8th Feb.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., Apply to

O VON HOFFER, Acting Agent,
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Feby. 1, 1892.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
WAROONGA	2,500	On or about 29th February.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 29th January 1892. Agents.

"MAC IVER" LINE.

THE following STEAMERS will sail from BOMBAY for PLYMOUTH or LIVERPOOL as under, unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	
EUROPA	2300	H. Agnew	Middle February.
ETOLIA*	3139	R. Jones	Late February.
IONIA*†	5330	E. Boyle	Middle March.
LYCIA*	3139	R. Fletcher	Late April.
NIAGARA*	3100	J. McConochie	Late April.
EUROPA	2300	H. Agnew	Middle May.
ETOLIA*	3100	R. Jones	Late May.

*Carries both Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted with Electric Light.

† Has a Smoking Room, a Ladies' Saloon, and Upper Deck Cabins.

First-class Passenger Accommodation at Reduced Rates. Fares: Rs. 350 to Rs. 450. Passengers landing at Plymouth are given 1st Class Railway Tickets to London at 2nd Class Fares.

For further particulars, apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, 19th January, 1892.

CHEAP PASSAGES,
HOMEWARD AND
OUTWARD.

PASSAGES promptly engaged and best Berths secured FREE OF COMMISSION, in P. and O. and all other LINERS; and also in selected NON-LINERS, such as the "BEDOUIN," "WOODS," &c., from Rs. 200 to 300 to the Continent, and Rs. 300 to Rs. 375 to English ports, 1st Saloon.

Outward, in Non-Liners, from £20 to £30 per adult, Saloon.

CONTINENTAL RAIL-TICKETS provided, and PULLMAN-CAR BERTHS engaged.

HEAVY BAGGAGE stored, shipped, or forwarded by P. and O. at Cargo rates to port of destination or address.

PASSENGERS met on arrival and departure by reliable Agents.

SOVEREIGNS, DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR NOTES supplied at best rates.

LADIES, Children, and Gentlemen respectively grouped in selected Saloon cabins; special arrangement for Families and Parties.

INSURANCE effected at reasonable rates.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE TELEGRAMS arranged for economically.

INTEREST at 3 per cent. allowed on passage money deposited with us in advance.

Full particulars supplied and HAND-BOOKS sent free on application.

WILLIAM WATSON AND CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY—28, APOLLO STREET.
KARACHI—BUNDER ROAD.
LONDON—27 LEADENHALL STREET.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE, KATHIAWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 867 tons, on 6th February, at 10 a.m.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 10th February, at noon, calling at Verawul, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,615 tons, on the 7th February, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HUZARA," 1,983 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 11th February, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 4th February, 1892. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.
KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and very facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credits and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward Bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co.
CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 11th February, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

"A Steam launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey the passengers on board the Steamer."

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail
ROUMANIA	3387	W. J. Young	6th Feby.
ASIA	3950	J. Laird	26th Feb.
BRITANNIA	3939	J. Brown	5th March.
ARABIA	3544	C. Hillcoat	19th March.
ARMENIA	3335	Geo. Read	2nd April.
PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	16th April.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	30th April.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	14th May.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, February 4, 1892.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO by S. S. "ADOWA" are hereby notified of her ARRIVAL from LONDON, and that she is discharging in the PRINCE'S DOCK. They are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to remove their Cargo without delay.

All damaged Goods must be surveyed by the Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Macaulay, before removal from the Dock premises, and all Claims must be presented duly signed by the Commander previous to the vessel leaving Port, after which no claim will be admitted.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, February 1, 1892. Agents.

ANIMAL EYES.

WE are now shewing a Splendid Assortment of the above of the best manufacture, marked at LOW PRICES, and consisting of

TIGER,	LION,	BISON,
BEAR,	HYÆNA,	PANTHER,
BULL,	SAMBHUR,	BLACK BUCK,

WILD BOAR, and various others.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

CLARETS! CLARETS!!

TREACHER & Co., Ld., desire to call special attention to their Clarets, of which they are the largest Importers in India. The Wines are imported direct from Bordeaux, and the Company, by reason of the immense demand for their Clarets, are able to place unusually large Orders with original producers. This consideration, and the position they hold as cash buyers, gives them a certain preference in the Wine Market, which their long experience enables them to turn to the utmost advantage, and they are consequently able to offer to their clients Clarets of a very superior order at unusually low prices:—

	CASH. Rs. a.	Rs. a.	CREDIT. Rs. a.	Rs. a.
ST. JULIEN MEDOC—This popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored"	11 0	6 4	12 8	7 0
BORDEAUX.—A favourite Wine from the district of Bordeaux	11 0	6 4	12 8	7 0
It may be mentioned as an evidence of the popularity of our Clarets that our sale of these two brands amounts to nearly 4,000 doz. per annum, which fact alone would be sufficient proof of their merit.				
PETIT MEDOC—Possesses good body with pleasing flavour	14 0	8 0	16 0	9 0
SUPERIOR MEDOC—Full-bodied, of high character and flavour	18 0	11 0	20 0	12 0
CHATEAU LAGRANGE—Soft, delicate, full, and fine flavour	23 0	12 0	26 0	13 8
CHATEAU LA ROSE—Extremely delicate, endowed with exquisite flavour and bouquet	29 0	16 0	32 0	18 0
CHATEAU MARGAUX—Exceedingly choice, possessing great fragrance with delicate bouquet	35 0	18 8	39 0	21 0

N.B.—Owing to DECLINE in EXCHANGE the above Prices are Advanced 5 Per Cent. from 21st ultimo.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SOUND WHITE TEETH { Secured by the use of "FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR," Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2-4 per bottle. KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

COUGHS & COLDS { Quickly and permanently cured by "PECTORAL COUGH SYRUP," Re. 1 per bottle. KEMP and Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

FANCY DRESS BALLS.

EVERY FASHIONABLE REQUISITE
FOR
EVENING WEAR.
HISTORICAL, THEATRICAL,
AND
NATIONAL, FANCY COSTUMES.
MODERATE CHARGES.

Prices from Rs. 25 and upwards.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.,
DRESS-MAKERS, MILLINERS, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S OUTFITTERS,
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY. } SHOW ROOMS. { EAST STREET, POONA.

HOMEWARD BOUND VOYAGEURS

WILL FIND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF USEFUL REQUISITES AT

THORPE & CO.'S
IN
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

LOWEST PRICES.

TRAVELLING SUITS, Heavy, Medium, and Light Warm Overcoats and Ulsters.

DECK SUITS, for Morning Wear, Flannel and Silk and Wool, White Long Cloth, Shirts, Bands, or Collars attached.

OXFORD and FRENCH Print Shirts, Collars attached, Best Wove, Flannel, and Silk and Wool Shirts.

UNDERCLOTHING in every Variety—Cotton, Merino, and Lambs Wool, Half Hose.

LINED CALF, and Ringwood Gloves, Mittens, Silk, Cashmere, and Wool Mufflers.

BEST LINEN COLLARS, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cardigan Jackets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns.

WOVEN CHOLERA BELTS, Feather Pillows, &c., SCOTCH MAUDS and RUGS, Rug Straps.

OVERLAND TRUNKS, Ladies' Dress Baskets, Solid Leather Portmanteaus and Dressing Cases.

GLADSTONE BAGS, Hand-Bags, Courier Bags, Soiled Linen Bags, Cabin Dressing Bags, Fitted Bags.

LEATHER HAT CASES, Ladies' Bonnet Boxes, Travelling Baths, Fitted with Basket.

HOLD-ALLS, MONEY BELTS, Sovereign Boxes, METAL SOAP BOXES, Sponges, and Bags.

CELLULOID COLLARS, Cuffs and Shirt Fronts, MARINE or SALT WATER SOAP, DECK CHAIRS.

THORPE AND CO.,
TRAVELLERS' OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

CUTCH SILVER

FOR PRESENTS and PRESENTATIONS.—Far and away the Finest and Best in the Market. Pretty Tea Sets, Cream Ewers, Sugars, Claret Jugs, Goblets, Card Cases, Bomboniers, Cigarette Cases, etc.

WATSON & Co., Church Gate Street.

MARCKS AND Co., LD.,
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS, GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

OUR establishment of European workmen having been increased to meet the demands of the Public, and all the newest appliances for making, on the premises, every description of Jewellery, Customers are invited to send their Designs for Articles of PURE INDIAN GOLD. Estimates of the cost of making are supplied free on application. The quality of every Article made by this Firm is guaranteed.

GOLD GUARD, KEEPER, OR MOTTO RINGS.

Plain, engraved, and chased with appropriate Mottoes, such as "Forget-Me-Not," "Regard," "Remember," "Souvenir," "In Memoriam," "Ewig Dein," "Ibhar," etc. Any Motto or Design made to order, Rs. 18, 21, 26, and 35.

MIZPAH RINGS.

In a variety of designs in Solid Indian Gold, plain, engraved, and jewelled; or with double Heart in Diamonds and Rubies on Band and concealed Motto. Rs. 17, 21, 30 and 45.

LADIES' JEWELLED RINGS.

An inexhaustible Selection of the Choicest designs in Diamond, Ruby, Sapphire, Emerald, Real Cats Eye, Opal, Coral, Peridot, etc., etc., set singly, or in Half-hoop, Cluster, Marquise, Gipsy, and other Styles, with stones of one class or in combination; ranging in price from Rs. 100 to Rs. 10,000.

Also a selection of lower priced Rings, set with smaller sized Stones, from Rs. 10 to 100.

GENTLEMEN'S SIGNET RINGS.

Massive Gold Signet Rings with Round, Oval, Shield, and other shaped Tops, all Gold, or set with Bloodstones, Sard, Sardonyx, Cornelian, Onyx, and other Stones, on which any monogram or design can be engraved to order. Rs. 25, 36, 40, and 45.

SOLID GOLD SNAKE RINGS.

With the Snake's body forming a ring of two, three, four, or more coils, or with Ruby or Diamond Eyes and Head. Rs. 45, 55, 60 and 100.

GOLD BROOCHES.

THE following is a short list of Lace and Fichu Brooches:—

	Rs.
Key (handle set with Pearls)	50
Triple Bar (set with 3 Diamonds)	95
Circular Disc (Diamond and 4 Sapphires)	130
Arrow piercing double Hearts (Pearls)	45
Gold Web and figure of real Fly	35
Trace and Horse-shoe (Pearls)	80
Chain with pearls	25
Curb and Horse-Shoe (Pearls)	35
Rope and Bee (Wings of Pearls and 4 large Moonstones)	35
Pin and Beetle (Body of Amethyst, Wings brilliants, Eyes Ruby, and head of Pin Lapis lazuli)	55
Spider (27 Pearls and Eyes Ruby)	42
Fly (Body and Wings Pearls, the Eyes Ruby)	20
Parrot (Wings and Body enamelled in variegated colors and set with Diamonds)	65
Rope in knotted loop (Pearls and Rubies)	45
Do. do. (2 Diamonds and 2 Rubies)	70
Float, Line, and Hook (Pearls for weights)	45
Oval (Centre 3 Diamonds and Ten Pearls)	55
Ivy Leaf (7 Pearls)	18
Tennis Bat (5 Pearls in Handle, and Ball, Pearl)	35

MARCKS & Co., LD.,
JEWELLERS AND DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

STATIONERY.

CHEAP ½ TOLA NOTE PAPER.

	Rs.	a.
SUPERFINE CREAM LAID BANK NOTE PAPER	1	0
SUPERFINE CREAM LAID COURT ENVELOPES, to Match	1	2
CREAM LAID BANK NOTE PAPER, 5 quires.	0	14
CREAM LAID COURT ENVELOPES, to Match	1	0
½ TOLA GRANITE NOTE PAPER, 5 quires	0	12
100 COURT ENVELOPES, to Match	0	12
PARCHMENT BANK NOTE PAPER	1	2
PARCHMENT BANK ENVELOPES, to match	1	2
BOXES CHIT PAPER AND ENVELOPES to match, 48 sheets paper, which fit the Envelopes without folding, per box	1	2
INVITATION CARDS, LAWN-TENNIS, MUSICAL TEA INVITATIONS, containing 12 in each box, with envelopes, with suitable design, per box	0	14

FANCY NOTE PAPER.

	Rs.	a.
CABINETS OF PAPER, finest quality, with Envelopes	1	4
THE CHROMATIC, Tinted Repped, small size	0	12
THE GRANITE PAPER, Albert size, each box contains Quires paper and equal quantity of envelopes, per box	1	12
THE NEW PHANTOM PAPER, Dark Grey, with which white ink is used, paper and envelope stamped, pretty design, per box, Re. 1-4; and ink, per bottle	0	6

OFFICE REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

N.B.—Owing to recent rapid fall in Exchange, our Prices are increased by about 5 Per Cent. from the 25th ult.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

J. NEUBERG'S
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

FRESH STOCK of all kinds of INDIAN CIGARS and CHEROOTS just opened out, SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED to my order of a quality VERY RARELY EQUALLED but NEVER EXCELLED. Comparison with any other brands CONFIDENTLY INVITED as regards QUALITY, FINISH, and PRICE.

In addition to the above I would also recommend my "SPOTTED DOGS," which are rapidly becoming the CIGARS OF THE DAY in all the leading Clubs, the demand for them increasing largely wherever they are known.

LATEST GENERAL CATALOGUE FORWARDED ON APPLICATION TO

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY PLATES.

STOCKED BY MESSRS. TREACHER & Co.

		4½	5	6½	8½	10	12
Sizes		3½	4	4¾	6½	8	10
Thomas's Extra Rapid—							
Cash	Rs.	1-2	1-12	2-8	4-12	7-4	11-0
Credit	"	1-4	2-0	2-12	5-4	8-0	12-8
Thomas's Thickly-coated Landscape—							
Cash	"	1-8	..	3-8	5-12	9-4	14-0
Credit	"	1-10	..	4-0	6-4	10-8	16-0
Ilford Yellow (Ordinary)—							
Cash	"	0-11	1-8	1-14	3-8	6-8	10-4
Credit	"	1-0	1-10	2-2	4-0	7-4	11-0
Ilford White (Rapid)—							
Cash	"	1-2	1-10	2-6	4-8	8-0	12-0
Credit	"	1-4	1-14	2-10	5-0	9-0	13-8
Ilford Red (Special)—							
Cash	"	1-4	..	3-0	6-0	11-0	14-8
Credit	"	1-7	..	3-6	7-0	12-0	16-4
Marion's Britannia—							
Cash	"	1-4	1-14	2-12	5-4	9-4	12-8
Credit	"	1-6	2-2	3-2	6-0	10-4	14-0
Wratten & Wainwright's (Ordinary)—							
Cash	"	..	..	3-6	6-8	..	..
Credit	"	..	..	3-10	7-4	..	..
Wratten & Wainwright's (Instantaneous)—							
Cash	"	1-8	2-4	3-4	6-8	9-12	15-8
Credit	"	1-12	2-8	3-12	7-4	10-12	17-8
Wratten & Wainwright's Drop Shutter—							
Cash	"	1-12	2-6	3-10	6-12	10-8	16-0
Credit	"	2-0	2-10	4-0	7-10	11-12	18-0
Edward's X. L.—							
Cash	"	1-12	..	3-8	6-4	8-12	14-0
Credit	"	1-14	..	4-0	7-0	9-12	15-12

Cowan's Gelatino-Chloride, 3¼ by 3¼ Magic Lantern size, Cash, Re. 1-10; Credit, Re. 1-14.

The above Prices are advanced 5 per cent. since 21st ult.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets; by W. E. H. PRICE. Rs. 1-8; postage Anna 1.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GIN AND RUM.

	Per doz. Rs.	As.
"Dry," very old and choice	23	8
"Old Tom," Sir Robt. Burnett's Special	22	0
Fine old Jamaica, wholesome spirit	24	0
Pineapple, a fine flavoured Rum	27	0

HOLLANDS.

DeKuyper's, finest Geneva	22	8

N. B.—Owing to recent rapid fall in EXCHANGE, our PRICES are INCREASED by about 5 per cent. from the 25th ult.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

YELLOW LEATHER POLISH.

A Chemical Cream for producing a permanent and brilliant Polish on all kinds of leather goods.

It is invaluable for brown leather boots and shoes, saddles, harness, military accoutrements, &c., &c.

This Preservative and Polish will be found far superior to any imported article, being specially prepared to meet the exigencies of the Indian climate.

Per Dozen, Rs. 5. Per Bottle, Annas 8.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

PRICE CURRENT—Published once a Week, Contains Shipping Arrivals, Departures, Exports, Imports and other Commercial News. Subscription—Rs. 12 per year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND SOLE PROPRIETOR.....MR. H. STANLEY.

78TH PERFORMANCE

OF THE STANLEY OPERA AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.

IMMENSE SUCCESS.

AND LAST NIGHT BUT 1

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY,

"MADAME ANGOTTE."

SATURDAY—"MIKADO."

AND POSITIVELY THE LAST APPEARANCE OF THE STANLEY OPERA COMPANY.

DOORS OPEN AT 8-30. OVERTURE AT 9.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Box Plan open daily at D. MACROPOLO and Co's from 8 a.m. till 7-30 p.m., where Seats can be booked and obtained for all parts of the House. T. EMPSON, Manager.

NOTICE.

The STANLEY OPERA COMPANY will appear at Poona on MONDAY, February 8, for TWELVE NIGHTS only. Secunderabad to follow.

THE BOMBAY SKATING RINK.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

SPECIAL PEOPLE'S NIGHT.

ADMISSION FREE TO ALL.

LADIES' SESSION ..... 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
AFTERNOON SESSION ..... 5 to 7 p.m.
EVENING SESSION ..... 8-30 to 11 p.m.

AN EXCELLENT BRASS BAND PLAYS FROM 5 TO 7 AND FROM 8-30 TO 11 P.M.

NUGENT & CO., Proprietors.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MAGIC! MIRTH!! MYSTERY!!!

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE,
B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY, PAREL.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....ROBERT BRUCE.

ROBERT BRUCE'S CONGRESS OF CABALISTIC WONDERS.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, 5TH AND 6TH FEBRUARY, 1892.

Under the Distinguished Patronage and Immediate Presence of

E. B. CARROLL, Esq.,
LOCOMOTIVE and CARRIAGE SUPERINTENDENT, B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY, PAREL.

ROBERT BRUCE will illustrate his Wonderful Gift of Ventriloquism, introducing Old Favourites and New Faces. Magic Illusions of Bewildering Facination, Mesmerism, Maskelyne and Cooke's Sensational Mysteries, Mademoiselles Zita and Ada in their own and unique speciality Black Art Hall Supernatural Illusions.

BY SPECIAL REQUEST
MR. W. DIXIE,
Impersonator of Peculiar People will appear on both Evenings.

Popular Prices.—Reserved Seats its.3, booked by Mr. Rule Time-keeper's Office. Unreserved Seats, Rs. 2, 1, and 8 annas, Tickets to be had from Mr. Durham, Mr. Mathews, and Mr. Pestonji, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Parel, and at the Door. Doors open 8 P.M. Overture 9 P.M. sharp.

N. B.—The Performance will conclude with a dance on FRIDAY, 5th February.

A Refreshment Bar under entire European Management.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

THE SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE CONCERT WILL BE HELD IN THE TOWN HALL ON WEDNESDAY, THE 17TH FEBRUARY, AT 9-15 P.M.

PROGRAMME:

PART I.

1. Organ Solo.....Offertoire in F.....Scotson Clark. Mr. MANT.
2. Song.....The Auld House.....Lady Nairne. Mr. ANDERSEN CLARK.
3. Song.....Caller Herrin.....Lady Nairne. Mrs. GREENWAY.
4. Violin Solo..... Mr. FREYVOGEL.
5. Song.....The Year that's Awa....Old Scottish. Mrs. A. C. WALKER.
6. Duet..... Mrs. A. C. WALKER and Mrs. MACBETH.

INTERVAL.

GREAT HIGHLAND BAGPIPES.

MARCHES.
The Campbell's are Coming.
MacKenzie's Farewell to Sutherland.
Highland Laddie.

STRATHSPEYS.
Miss Drummond of Perth.
Tullochgorum.
REEL.
Reel of Tulloch.
Mr. A. F. FERGUSON.

PART II.

1. Cornet Solo.....The Lost Chord.....Sir A. Sullivan. With Organ Accompaniment.
Cornet—Private FEALEY, The K. O. Y. L. I.
Organ—Mr. MANT.
2. Song..... Mr. BASIL SCOTT.
3. Song.....La Serenata..... Braga Mrs. A. C. WALKER. (Violin Obligato, Mr. Freyvogel.)
4. Song.....Bonnie Doon..... Mr. ANDERSEN CLARK.
5. Violin Solo..... Mr. FREYVOGEL.
6. Song.....When thy Blue Eyes..... Mrs. GREENWAY.
7. Quartette.....Auld Lang Syne..... Burns
Mrs. A. C. WALKER, Mrs. MACBETH, Mr. ANDERSEN CLARK, and Mr. BASIL SCOTT.

Reserved Tickets, Price Rs. 4, may be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the late Revd DR. NARAYEN SHESHADRI and his family are requested to send in the same within 15 days from the date hereof to the undersigned, after which no claims will be recognized.

P. RAJUNA LINGOO,
Pleader for the heirs of the late Revd. Dr. Narayen Sheshadri.

Poona, February 4, 1892.

TO SHIPS' CAPTAINS.

WHILE in PORT see that your CHRONOMETERS are ACCURATE.

CHRONOMETERS thoroughly cleaned, Compensated or rated by the finest, most exprienced practical European Assistants in India, and in the shortest possible time.

Rates supplied and perfect Accuracy Guaranteed Special terms to Shipping Companies and Agents.

MARCKS & Co., LD.,
WATCH, CLOCK, and CHRONOMETER MAKERS,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY, and at POONA.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. pe. rupee at a cost of £116,625.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KURRACHEE, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF FULLY GOOD BENGAL COTTON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY the 5th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT, and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the *jutha* of Mathura Parsad Foolchand, and by order of Besundayall Burdayal, and on account and risk of the following purchasers—

On account and risk of Nihalchand Jadoolal.
100 full-pressed bales fully good Bengal cotton.
On account and risk of Kessavdev Hotilal.
100 full-pressed bales fully good Bengal cotton.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF SATTARA MILTON AND PEPPERIL DRILL.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms by order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Hajee Jeeva Noor Mahomed—

HJN 6020-5—6 cases, each 10 pieces Sattara Milton.
6020-31—6 " " " " "
PMC 45437-86 } —50 bales each 15 pieces 29 by 40 Pepperil Drill
45767-86 }
44267-550:6—52 " " " " "

AUCTION SALE OF BEER AND PROVISION.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 5th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Cullian Street, opposite Prince's Dock, a quantity of oilmanstores, beer, &c.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th inst., Messrs BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1. Handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1. Powerful chesnut Arab horse, 14·2, goes in single and double harness.
1 Second-hand strong office Shigram.
1 Strong-built Victoria with removeable coach box.
1 second-hand sociable with glass fronts by Kesterton.
1 bay Australian horse with shigram.
1 handsome strong 4 wheeled dog-cart by Kinross.
1 handsome strong-built small landau.
The property of the late Captain Sir H. MORLAND—
1 second-hand English-built brougham.

TO MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Bird Cage," Middle Colaba, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished household furniture by John Roberts and others, also some Rumagerry-made furniture, best platedware, very rich crockery and glassware, handsome Satsuma and Kanga vases, rich Parin marble and terra-cota figures, fancy table ornaments, firstrate oil painting in gilt frame, Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, a handsome mahogany grand square Pianoforte by John Broadwood & Sons, one large size fish acquarium on stand with gold fish, a handsome strong English-built mail phaeton by Kesterton of London, one buffalo, sets of single harness, books, plants, &c., &c., the property of THOMAS MURRELL, Esq.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

The property of another gentleman—
1 handsome strong-built landau, sets of single and double harness.

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, behind Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, on account of the concerned, the following 25 cases of goods consisting of buttons, padlocks, Russia beads, dessert knives, cotton twists, files, Turkish caps, dress materials, pen knives, reels, false gold Limetta, cotton reels, glass beads, patent leather, varnish, &c., &c.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, February 5, 1892.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF DAMAGED COAL.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mody Bunder, on account of the concerned—

About 500 tons of coal, damaged by fire and water.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE OF FULLY GOOD BENGAL COTTON.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the Jutha of Muccadum Khimjee Visram, by order of Mukhonlal Govindram and on account and at the risk of Samrathroy Khetsidas—

100 full-pressed bales fully good Bengal cotton.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Harrington Lodge, Mazagon, opposite the Mazagon Castle, the valuable and handsome substantial blackwood and teak wood household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, table ornaments, Hink's and Ditmar's lamp, Brussels and Persian carpet, fancy curtains, a nearly new stylish Victoria by Stephens and Son, one light Victoria, a powerful bay Waler mare, two sets silver plated single harness, English-made side saddle, &c., the property of F. G. BAILEY, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The property of another gentleman—
1 strong built Bareilly cart with hood.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

1 case table covers.
1 bale 162 lbs Sumatra tobacco.
8 iron cooking stoves "Mystery." "Sestalt," and "Little Giant."
3 cases oleographs and engravings without frames.
1 grand Piano by Collard and Collard.

AT 2 P.M.

1 English-built single-seated brougham, with a strong bay Australian horse and harness.
1 handsome light victoria.
1 strong serviceable open carriage.
1 second-hand double-seated brougham.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 7 a.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the establishment of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Cumballa Hill—

The stock of dolls, toys, and Christmas goods, in lots to suit purchasers.

On THURSDAY, the 11th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the Tents lately occupied by Captain Donner, R. N., opposite the Church Gate Railway Station and next to Admiral's Bungalow, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, crich rockery and glassware, China and Japanese flower vases table ornaments, handsome kerosine oil table hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Modows Street, Fort, in the premises lately occupied by Messrs. Macropolo and Co. the valuable and surplus stock-in-trade of Mr. Jamsetjee Nowrojee Cabinet-maker, consisting of handsome drawing-room suits, upholstered in a rich tapestry, also dining-room, bed-room, and library furniture, handsome China and English flower vases, rich Mirzapore carpet, superior table ornaments, &c.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, February 5, 1892.

INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

"NEOSOTE."
"DISINFECTANT POWDER."

DISCOVERED by MESSRS. W. BAIRD and Co., of Glasgow, and much sought after as a valuable and powerful Disinfectant.

This Powder contains in the same volume more Antiseptic than ordinary 20 per cent. powders, and the low price renders it beyond competition.

Price of one cwt. Cask delivered free at the Bombay stations, and 5½.

AGENTS:—
ROGERS & Co.

Hummum Street, Fort.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail. 28 Pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

NOTICE.

I DO hereby give notice that from the 6th instant till the 6th MARCH next any Dogs found straying in the streets or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such Dogs will be destroyed in accordance with the Provisions of Section CXVI of Act XIII of 1856.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 2nd February 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD IRON RAILS.

THIS Company has FOR SALE about 5,000 tons of OLD IRON RAILS.

Particulars relating to the same, and form of Tender, may be obtained on application to the Undersigned.

Tenders must be addressed to the Agent of the Company and lodged at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, before 1 p.m., on Monday, the 22nd February, 1892.

The Company reserves the right to reject any or all of the Tenders.

A Deposit of 5 per cent. will be required on the acceptance of Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 11th January, 1892.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of 1,000 Tons TEAKWOOD in SQUARED LOGS under three separate specifications, for delivery at the Company's Locomotive Depot, Parel, Bombay.

Specifications and Forms of Tender may be obtained on application at the Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

Tenders must be made in strict accordance with the specifications and independently of each other, and no Tender will be entertained in which the Company's conditions have been altered.

Tenders must be sealed, superscribed, "Tender for Teak Timber" and delivered at the Agent's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (Gunfire,) WEDNESDAY, the 24th February, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Tenders must be accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 or the Tender will not be received.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 1st February, 1892.

THE CAWNPORE MUNICIPALITY desire to receive tenders for their WATER-WORKS. Tenders must be addressed to the Chairman in sealed Covers, endorsed "Tender for the Cawnpore Water-Works," not later than the 15th of February, 1892.

Applications for forms of Tender should be made to the Undersigned. Contractors who have not already tendered for other Water-Works in the North-West Provinces, will have to deposit Rs. 100 as security on receipt of the form, which will be returned when they submit a bona fide Tender.

For further particulars apply to

WILLIAM MOOR,
Secretary, Municipal Board.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of the SALEM DISTRICT BOARD ENGINEER. Pay Rs. 450 a month, with Rs. 4 a day travelling allowance. Applicants should state clearly their Engineering Qualifications, setting out any degrees, &c., taken, and where and how last employed, and should send copies of any certificates, testimonials, &c., to which they wish reference made. Applications addressed to the Undersigned will be received up to the 31st March 1892.

G. STOKES,
President, District Board, Salem.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£300,000.

HEAD OFFICE:

HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.

From 1st January 1892. Interest on Current Accounts will be allowed at 2 per cent. on the MINIMUM MONTHLY balances.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 " " 3 " "
3 " " 2 " "

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited)

THOMAS JACKSON } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 607,229
REST ..... " 20,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months .....4½ per cent. per annum
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St., Trafalgar Square.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Manager.

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION.

SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Rs. 1-8 per phial packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'s.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'s.

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price: Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.

ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.

CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS,
AND CONTRACTORS FOR

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

FOR EVENING DRESS.

GENTS' TWO BUTTON WHITE KID Gloves .....pair	Rs.	1	8
RICH SPUN SILK SOCKS, Embroidered.....pair	,,	4	0
BLACK SILK or SATIN BOWS, Fasten back or Front	,,	1	4
RICH SILK, HEMSTITCHED Handkerchiefs, Plain, or Spot Borders .....3 for	,,	5	8
BLACK, BALBRIGGAN SOCKS, Embroidered Silk Fronts .....per pair	,,	2	4
18 Ct. GOLD ON IVORY FRONT STUDS .....Set of 3	,,	2	12

PACKING FREE. } CASH OR V. P. P. { PACKING FREE.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,

BOMBAY.

SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS,

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

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OF ALL THE

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ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.

THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD.

THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM

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BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	all	Rs. 25	992½xd
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,000xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	880
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	122½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Ohar. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£53—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	150
Silver Share	..	..	..	..	98

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100xd
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr.ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	810
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	375
BombayCotton Broul's Cawnpore PressCo Ld.	1,000	125	125	10	125
Colaba	500	200	200	16	115
East India	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	350
English Press and Manfgl.	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,425
Fort	400	250	..	Rs. 20	175xd
French	515	2,500	2,500	100	975
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	50	545
Hengoli Press Co, Ld	450	450	500	30	410xd
Khangaum	750	400	all	32½	137½
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	240	450	450	63	465
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
Munmar M	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	420
New Bonar	1,000	500	all	Rs. 35	265
New Indian	1,200	500	500	55	555
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	107½
Sabapathy(Bellary)	600	500	500	20	370
Sassoon	500	500	50	20	500
Sind and Punjab Co	300	500	500	25	500
Sind	100	1,000	1,000	135	1,150
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	750	35	445
Volkart	1,200	250	250	75	210
	—	1,000	100	Rs. 100	830

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	475
Angio-Indian	9,345	100	100	5	81
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay Unit- ed	900	1,000	1,000	25	575
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	600	500	500	20	405
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	440 nom
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	525
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,220
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1025
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	625xd
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	700	30	640
Cooria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	450
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	430
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	440
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	850
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	550xd
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	510
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	90
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	740
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	550xd
Hyderabad	780	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	850
ImperialCotton	900	500	500	Rs. 17-8	335
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,000
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	620xd
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	217½
Jeevraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	735
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	640
Khatao Macunjee	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	180xd
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning &Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	57½	970
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,050
Mahalxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	R 70	1,375
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	8	115
Morarji Gocul- das	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,740
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	par
National	4500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	160
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	695
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	420
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,175
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	650
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,085xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,450
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1,035
Sonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	480
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	100nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	275
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	250	250	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	425
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	710
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	1900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	25	370xd
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	695
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	250
	750	150	150	7½	195
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	105
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	830
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	3,600
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	67½	900
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	26	85
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	850
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Geyer&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	11
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	101
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	208
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	100
Mahanoe Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	40
Marcks & Co., Ld.	000	100	100	Rs. 10	98
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	51xd
NaplerFoundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	19
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	76
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	472½
Prince of WalesFireIn.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	20
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr.ct.	50
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	400	all	35	360
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	100
Telephone Co.	9,200	125	25	5-8	19½

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

			Last half-yearly guar.		
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	£100	all	5 p.c	2,400
B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	—	£ 18	..	do.	42)

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	23-14	
China Leaf	"	23-6	Nominal.
Pekin. Bar Gold old	"	23	"
Do. do. new	"	23-14	"
Australia do.	"	23	"
Bombay do.	"	23-9	
English Sovereigns	"	14-14	
Do. Drazons	"	14-14	
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	"	105-9	
Do. 17½ do.	"	106-10	
Carolas Dollars	"	227	Nominal.
Mexican do.	"	223	"
Five-Francs	"	287	"

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.
First Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Opera Company, 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Tripoli (s), from Cardiff; Dunbar (s), Colombo; and Kentigern (s), Moulmein.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Nowshera (s), Rangoon, &c.; Dhoney Canagusabapathi, Quilon; Aljafar (schr), Quillemane; Gulianar (schr), Inhambane; and Khundalla (s), Calcutta, &c.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day, at 4-45 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Dunbar entered and the s. s. Dalmally left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karrachi, Sind, and the Kathawar Coast Ports, per extra s. s. Karagola, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., on Saturday, the 6th instant.

FOOT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of January, 1892, was 3,959; daily average 127; total of new admissions 1,491; and number of children vaccinated, 156.

LOOWANA SOOKHVARDHAK SAMAJ.—A public meeting of the Loowana Sookhvardhak Samaj will be held on the 7th inst., at 8 p.m., in the Halai Loowana Majan Wadi, where Mr. Shevaklal Kersondas will deliver a lecture on *Grahaslasram*.

BOMBAY SWIMMING CLUB.—The races for the Club Cup and Silver Medal was yesterday morning won by Mr. P. Phelan (33 secs. start) Messrs. E. Pennie (39 secs.), and H. G. Hyde (10 secs.) taking the other two prizes offered for the events.

THE DOG NUISANCE.—On Wednesday afternoon, whilst a Seedee girl, named Jina, was walking along the Bhendi Bazaar Road, a stray dog bit her on the left leg, and ran away. The girl was taken to the J. J. Hospital, where the wound was cauterised. Although dilligent search was immediately made for the dog by the police and some townsmen, but it could not be found anywhere.

RUN OVER BY A VICTORIA.—On Wednesday morning, an old woman, aged about sixty years, was run over by a hackney victoria, at Tanna, on the Bombay Road. It appears that the woman, who lives on the Bombay Road, was going over to the house of a relative of hers, living just opposite, when she was knocked down by the victoria which going at a most furious rate, and the wheel going over her right leg, crushed the shin bone. The woman was immediately picked up and taken to the Civil Hospital for treatment.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry (Mr. A. A. Wilson, Bandmaster) will play the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 6 o'clock:—

Lancers	Iolantha — D'Albert.
Overture	Conte di Essex — Mercadante.
Valse	Love's Dreamland — Roeder.
Hungarian Dance	Anon.
Selection	Sultan of Mocha — Cellier.
Mazurka	Jolio Patineuse — Van Maanen.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Miss Steuart met with, rather a serious accident, at Dharwar a few days ago. She drove out in a light dog-cart with her brother Mr. Steuart, the Traffic Manager of the Southern Mahratta Railway, and another lady. They dropped Mr. Steuart at the Gymkhana and were returning home, when one shaft broke. The syce jumped off immediately, and secured the horse. Miss Steuart in alarm jumped off and sustained a compound fracture of the leg near the ankle, and bruised her face severely. Her companion fortunately remained seated in the cart. Miss Steuart was promptly attended to, and is progressing favourably.—*Observer.*

FATAL FIRE AT JETPUR.—On the 31st ultimo, at Jetpur, a fire broke out in the shop of a borah, named Bhaiji, a dealer in fire-works. It appears that the combustibles suddenly ignited, and so terrific was the shock produced by the explosion that it brought down a portion of the building, which crushed to death a son of the dealer and a customer of his who had come down from Dhoraji, to purchase some crackers from him. Some half-a-dozen people who happened to pass by the shop have also suffered severe injuries. Availing himself of the opportunity of the consternation caused by the fire one of the convicts who was engaged in working in an adjoining orchard escaped.—*Kathiawar Times.*

GORED BY A COW.—A correspondent writes:—Referring to your local paragraph, under the above heading, I send you a few particulars of the sad affair. The woman—not a Kamati woman, but the wife of a goldsmith—resides next door to the owner of the cow—a vakeel—in Agiary street, Tanna. She was returning home, when she saw the cow standing near her door. The woman, however, tried to force her way with the result that the cow gored her and knocked her down. The cow then advanced a few paces, but before she had time to recover from her fright, the animal returned and thrust her horns into the woman, she was picked up, and conveyed to hospital for treatment.

SIX MONTHS FOR STEALING FOWLS.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Dhondia Itoo *alias* Govind Itoo and a woman named, Rai, *alias* Radhi, both notorious characters, were charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with stealing two fowls, valued at Rs. 2, belonging to a Goanese, living at Coombarwada, Dadur. On Wednesday afternoon, the two accused went to Inspector Jones' bungalow and there offered the fowls for sale. Inspector Jones suspected the fowls to have been stolen, and he ordered the accused to be taken in custody. On enquiry the police ascertained that the accused had stolen the fowls from the complainant's court-yard, on Wednesday morning. There were four previous convictions produced against the second accused and one against the first. The Magistrate sentenced each of them to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

PRIESTLEY'S INDIAN ROUTE TABLES.—These tables, devised with a view of showing the shortest routes, and also alternative routes, between any two given junctions or stations in India, have just been republished, this time in book form. Its author, a railway official of considerable experience, has evidently devoted much time and energy to his work, and the result is a series of carefully-compiled tables and lists of junctions, routes, and stations, a map of the railways of India, and abbreviations of railway names, &c. The instructions which are tolerably plain and clear tend to remove any difficulty the inquirer might experience in searching for information. In the sitting-rooms of hotels, in railway booking offices, &c., the volume should find a place, and to transport officers, mercantile men, and those engaged in the military department, and in moving bodies of troops and quantities of stores, simply invaluable. The general get-up of the work is creditable to the Education Society's Press, from which it is issued.

SPENCER'S TOBACCO FACTORY.—Messrs. Spencer and Co. have issued, by way of the New Year's souvenir, a series of photographs of their works and together with a descriptive pamphlet abridged from an article in the *Madras Advertiser*. From this it appears that the efforts of the Madras Government to teach the ryot the improved system of curing tobacco have resulted in failure. Messrs. Spencer and Co. of Madras, the well-known wine merchants, took the matter in hand, and a real advance was made. The progress of the industry was, however, retarded for a time owing to the prohibitive rates Sumatra tobacco commanded, and the difficulty of locally importing the leaf, and it was not until arrangements had been made direct with Amsterdam that operations could be undertaken on an extended scale. The Madras Goverment rendered Spencer and Co. considerable assistance by presenting them with a parcel of specially imported Sumatra seed, sufficient to enable them to lay two acres under cultivation. This gift has been turned to good account The seed was planted about four months ago, and the plants now present a healthy and vigorous appearance. There are also ten acres, about seven miles out of Dindigul, planted with Sumatra, Havannah, Java, Oossekuppah, and Wallakuppal seeds, the last two, being indigenous. The Madras Government have further assisted Spencer and Co. by allowing them the use of the Dindigul rock, in the disused barracks of which they are curing the leaf by different methods, in order to prove that by shade-curing a better quality can be produced from indigenous plants.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure, Mild, and Emolient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxary for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents. TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 2nd February were published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 1st, 3 feet 8 inches against 7 feet 6 inches on same date last year. Rain in Johi 15 cents and Sujawal 8 cents. Agricultural stock weak for want of fodder in two talukas.

Shikarpur.—Standing rabi crops generally in good condition. Fodder insufficient in six talukas.

Hyderabad.—Rabi crops flourishing except in Hyderabad Taluka, where they are attacked by blight. Condition of agricultural stock poor. Fodder continues scarce.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Rain much needed. Rabi crops suffering.

Thar and Parkar.—Rain varying from 22 to 35 cents fell on the 21st in the Nara valley, benefiting rabi crops.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 30th January).—Rain for week in Parantij 2 cents and in Dholka 4 cents. Standing crops in good condition, except cotton and wheat, in Dhandhuka Taluka, which are injured by cloudy weather. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—State of rabi crops and cattle good. Fodder supply sufficient.

Kaira.—(For week ending 30th January).—Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking commenced in two talukas. Fodder supply sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Broach.—Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking in progress. Outturn of cotton expected to be fair and of other crops good. Condition of fodder supply good and agricultural stock healthy. Prices of food-grains risen in three talukas and stationary in the rest.

Surat.—Jowari reaping completed. Cotton picking commenced in places. Prospects and probable outturn of crops good. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Reaping of gram and linseed commenced. Threshing of bajri, jowari and tur continues. Cotton picking completed. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good. Prices of food-grains continue high.

Nasik.—Total rainfall insufficient in the western part of Niphad, eastern part of Kalvan, and the whole of Baglan. Threshing of kharif crops in progress. Standing rabi crops not good in most places. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock fair. Prices of food-grains rising in general, but particularly in Dindori, Yeola, Nandgaon and Kalvan talukas.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 3° warm on 27th and 29th, 4° warm on 28th, 30th and 31st, 5° warm on 1st and 6° warm on 2nd. Vapour in air excessive. Abnormal wind southerly on 29th, 1st and 2nd. Wind normal on all other days.

Thana.—State of rabi crops good. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—Threshing of early crops in progress. Crops good except at Nagothna, where they are slightly injured by insects. Agricultural stock good.

Ratnagiri.—Summer crops progressing well.

Poona—Harvesting of kharif crops almost completed. Rabi crops withering for want of moisture throughout the district, and sowing in many places also retarded for want of rain. Prospects of kharif crops fair. Scarcity of fodder throughout the district. Owing to scarcity of water in some parts of the district, except Junnar and Maval, cattle being removed to other parts of the district having sufficient water. Agricultural stock fair. Prices stationary.

Ahmednagar.—Threshing of kharif crops continues in parts. Harvesting of rabi crops commenced in some talukas. Probable outturn of rabi crops fair. Fodder supply insufficient in six talukas. Agricultural stock fair. Prices steady.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 30th January.)—Rain insufficient throughout the district. Standing rabi crops withering. Prospects and probable outturn of rabi crops on the whole fair. Fodder supply insufficient. Agricultural stock not good. People emigrating with their cattle from Sangola and Malsiras talukas.

Satara.—Prospects and outturn of kharif crops fair. Rabi crops suffering owing to insufficient rain in parts of Valva, Wai, Javli, Khanpur, Koregaon, Man, Patan, Khatav and Tasgaon talukas and petha Khandala. Water-supply insufficient in the eastern part of Khanapur and Khatav talukas and petha Khandala. Prices stationary. Fodder dear throughout the district. Condition of cattle middling.

Bijapur.—Weather cold. Reaping of rabi crops commenced. Fodder and water-supply insufficient. People still emigrating with their cattle to other places.

Belgaum.—Rabi crops in ear on banks of rivers in a few villages. Prices continue high. Scarcity of fodder in 4 talukas. Cattle distressed.

Dharwar.—Harvesting of early crops nearly completed. Late crops withered for want of moisture. Scarcity of fodder in 8 and of water in 6 talukas. Cattle distressed in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron talukas and driven to Mallad. Prices rising in 1, falling in 1, and stationary in 9 talukas.

Kanara.—Second crops on coast thriving, and sugarcane harvest progressing above ghats. Agricultural stock fair.

Rajkot.—Rabi crops good. Irrigation of wheat and picking of cotton pods in progress.

Wadhwan.—Weather warm. Cotton pods not ready for picking. Outturn of rabi crops fair.

Baroda.—Rabi sowing nearly completed. Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking in progress. Poppy plants in flower. Agricultural stock fair.

ARREST OF A SUPPOSED MURDERER.

AT the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Roshan Ali of the Detective Police, charged Anvar Ali Shadatally *alias* Monama *alias* Mahomed Usaf with maliciously causing the death of one Chotakhan at Rampur on the 9th of October last. Some time ago the Commissioner of Police here received instructions from the President of the Rampur State Council for the arrest of the accused, who was supposed to have run away to Bombay after having murdered Chotakhan. The detective police were asked to look after the accused, whose description was also forwarded to the Commissioner of Police. Sadulakhan, a Tehsildar in the Rampur State, was also sent to Bombay to identify the accused, who was arrested yesterday at Bhendi Bazar. The accused was passing here under the name of Mahomed Usaf and he contemplated going shortly to Mecca on a pilgrimage. The Inspector applied for a postponement pending further instructions from the Commissioner of Rohilkhand, who is the Political Agent to the Rampur State. The Magistrate accordingly adjourned the case until the 18th instant.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

THE adjourned extraordinary meeting of the shareholders of the British Empire Manufacturing Co., Ld. was held yesterday, at the registered office, at 1 p.m., under the presidency of Mr. A. M. Tod, chairman of the Board of Directors, when the resolution, to wind up the company by voluntary liquidation, passed at a previous meeting, was confirmed; Mr. A. M. Tod being appointed liquidator on a remuneration of 5 per cent. on claims paid.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 5.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

718—Fayne G and S—Framjee Cursetjee Mazagonwalla vs Goculdas Madhowjee—Little, S F and N—Part heard.
722—Khunderao M—Bejonjee Jehangir Buxoy vs Ardesir Jehangir Buxy—Ardesir H and D.

To vary Commissioner's report.

603—H S Dikshit—Balshet Gungaram Kalvery vs Bhimjee Jewraj and others—E Wilkin.

(Before the Hon Mr JUSTICE FARRAN.)

For Judgment.

237-91—Conroy and B—J H Tod and another vs Lukhmidas Purshotumdas—E Wilkin.
310-91—Conroy and B—J H Tod and another vs Lukhimda Purshotumdas—E Wilkin.

To speak to the minutes of the Decree.

139-90—Payne G and S—T D Charlesworth and others vs Jafferbhoy Ludhabhoy Chatoo—Thakurdas D and C.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Postponed long Causes.

613-90—Conroy and B—Framjee Ramjee and others vs Premjee Tricundas and another—Bhaishunker and K and W and G—Part heard.
442-90—Little, S, F and N—J M Tawish vs Vussunjee Heerjee—Conroy and B.
390-91—Crawford B and C—Oomdabee vs Mahoboob Jan—M H Khan.
657-90—Khunderao M—Bai Shri Mahalaxmibai vs Ramkrishna Ballal and another—Janardhan and A.
537-90—Payne G and S—Syed Hoossein valad Syed H Ali vs Hajee Miya valad Baloo Miya—Conroy and B.
455-91—Wadia and G—Muncherjee Merwanjee Mehta vs Pestonjee Bhickajee Bhika—Khunderao M.
427-91—Payne G and S—H C Stephens vs Allibhoy Esmailjee—Crawford B and Co.
601-89—D S'Garud—Gulabhai vs Nursingdas Bangad and another—Pestonjee R K.
15-89—Payne G and S—Bhanjee Bhimsey and another vs Soondrabai alias Dhumbay and others—Wadia and G.

MR. KIERNANDER gets the Accountant Generalship of Kashmir. The appointment is worth a thousand rupees a month. Mr. Kiernander leaves Government service. This leaves yet another appointment in the Accountant-General's Department to be filled up.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Dunbar, 1,127 tons, Captain R Parrett arrived in harbour yesterday from Cardiff via Colombo in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs James, Mackintosh and Co.

THE steam-ship Tripoli, 1,087 tons, Captain W Coates, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cardiff with a cargo of 3,243 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs James, Mackintosh and Co.

THE BISN Co's s s Khundalla, 1,318 tons, Captain R J Rickford, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr John Hodgart, Mr H J Constable, and 31 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—FEBRUARY 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S.C Mackinnon	1472	Barham	B	Finlay, Muir & Co
" H. Balckow.	639	Hardcastle	C	B & P S N Co
" Rheinfels	1773	Weber	D	Glade & Co
" Adowa	1347	Paton	G	M Mackenzie & Co
" Strathdon	1721	McLauchlan	K	W & A Graham & Co
" Dalmally	1610	Wilson	L	Captain
" Assam	1611	Browne	M	P & O S N Co
" La Seyne	1151	Blanc	O	M Marritime Co
" E. Castle	1873	Valentine	Q	K Nixon & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

S.S. Brahman ..... Nacoda ..... Shepherd & Co.

Time-ball drops at Prince's Dock at noon, or Greenwich mean time, 7h. 8m. 44·3s.

The Time-ball over the Clock Tower at the Bombay Castle continues to be dropped regularly at 1 p.m. of Colaba meantime, or 8h. 8m. 44·3s a.m. of Greenwich meantime.

VICTORIA DOCK.

		No.	
S.S. Iran	2316	Delargy	1	E Bates & Co
" Roumania	2207	Young	2	W & A Graham & Co
" D. Balduino	3044	Cruciani	3	F Bozzoni
" Serica	1736	Mackenzie	6	H J M Suleman
" Berenice	1633	Mersa	7	J Janni
" Europa	1433	Agnew	9	K Nixon & Co
" W. Hall	2620	Buck	13	E Bates & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

S.S. Thames ..... 4101 .... Seaton ..... P & O S N Co.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
4	Tripoli (s)	Coates	Cardiff, Jan 7.
	Dunbar (s)	Parrett	Colombo.
	Kentigern (s)	.....	Moulmein.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
4	Nowshera (s)	Smith	Rangoon, &c.
	Dhoney Canagusabapathi	Nacoda	Quilon.
	Aljafar (schr)	Nacoda	Quillemane.
	Gulianar (schr)	Nacoda	Inhambane.
	Khundalla (s)	Rickford	Calcutta, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Dunbar, for Marseilles.
" Werneth Hall, Marseilles and Liverpool.
" Karagola, for Karachi via Kathiawar Coast.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.
31 J. E. Ridgeway sp ..Call ..... Shanghai, Jan 1.
Britannia sp ..... Scott ..... Liverpool, Sept 21.
Legislator s ..... Jackson ..... Liverpool, Dec 20.

DEPARTURE.

Jan. 31.—Steamer Pentakota.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.
1 Golconda s .... London.
2 Pundua s .... Singapore.
Baroda s .... Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.
1 Niemen s .... Calcutta.
2 Baghdad s .... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 4.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Roumania s—500 boxes bar soap, Abdoollally Shaikadum 25 bales writing paper, Byramjee Shapurjee; 500 boxes soap, D K Dady and Co; 8 cases glassware, provision &c., Treacher and Co.

FROM GLASGOW.

Roumania s—376 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee: 50 hogsheads beer, William Bell and Co; 200 cases ale, Robinson Morrison and Co; 31 cases gingerwine, P Cawasjee Shroff and Sons; 10 cases beer, Turner Morrison and Co

FROM LONDON.

Rohilla s—7 bales straw boards, E D Sassoon and Co; 4 cases provision, &c, Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy; 7 cases printed books, J Bezonjee Khurani; 18 cases bacon, ham, and cheese, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 2 hogshead perfumery, F S Madon and Co.

Adowa s—119 cases beer, Lyon and Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Drachenfels s—3 qr casks portwine, D P Batha and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperator s—35 cases printing paper, Volkart Brothers; 26 packages writing papers, &c. M A M S Shurufally and Co; 20 cases playing cards, M H Gunee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

D Balduino a—150 cases beaune, Treacher and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 4.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Roumania s—33 bales wool and 51 bales goat hair, W and A Graham and Co; 320 cwts turmeric, Megjee Mooljee; 10½ cwts myrabollams, Veerjee Husraj; 49 bales wool, Pragjee Dayall.

Werneth Hall s—45 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 65 cwts coir yarn, L Mamuckchund; 48½ cwts bodanuts, Lackumsee Napoo; 60 bales goat hair and 15 bales hemp, G Bharmall; 360 cwts coir yarn, R Khetsee.

FOR LONDON.

Siam s—18 cwts ivory, N Mianee.

FOR GENOA.

Clan Mackinnon s—500 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co.
La Seyne s—50 bales cotton, Durst Hosli and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Rheinfels s—165 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 100 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR HULL.

Egremont Castle s—100 bales cotton, Finlay, Muir and Co 10,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.
Strathdon s—3,000 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co; 1,160 cwts myrabollams, Ralli Brothers; 1,000 cwts myrabollams Volkart Brothers; 200½ cwts myrabollams, Bayts, Craig and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Roumania s—138 cwts castorseed, Ralli Brothers; 10,805 cwts gingellyseed and 3,000 cwts castorseed, F L Batlioi and Co.
Dunbar s—26,000 cwts jowaree, 19,400 cwts wheat, and 6,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers.
Siam s—117½ lbs ivory, T Lowjee.

FOR TRIESTE.

Kent s—8 cwts myrabollams, and 110 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 525 bales cotton, Passoo Heerjee and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, Ralli Brothers; 107 cwts cachoora, E Abdoola.

FOR VENICE.

Kent s—350

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line. As. 8. No Trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

GENTLEMEN'S Pearl-headed TOILET PINS, at Rs. 5, 6, 7, and 10 each. Fancy Jewellery in great variety.—Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ld., Jewellers, and Diamond Merchants, 43, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and at Poona.

TO WATCHMAKERS and JEWELLERS.—WHY buy GERMAN-made MATERIALS & TOOLS from Bazar? Go to CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, where you find none but English and Swiss Materials and Tools at Reasonable Prices.

THE only Establishment in all India that can offer the largest and most varied Stock of LAMPS and LANTERNS for all purposes is the LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

TEAS—NEW NEILGHERRY TEAS.—Congou at 9 as., Souchong, 12 as., Pekoe, Re. 1-2; Orange Pekoe, Re. 1-8, per lb.—J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

RESIDENTS on MALABAR HILL will be SUPPLIED with FRESH BUTTER daily on applying to the BOMBAY DAIRY SUPPLY Co., Tamarind Lane.

SHAPOOR N. BHEDWAR OPENS his STUDIO, Swiss Lodge, Cumballa Hill, from MONDAY, the 22nd Instant. Business hours 8-30 A. M. to 4 P. M. Studio open every day.

FOR SALE.—Handsome DOG-CART, good as new, (Coleclough & Sons, Dublin,) set English-made harness and stable kit, Rs. 350; Arab horse, just under 14 hands, aged, but full of work, goes either harness or saddle, carries lady, Rs. 250. If sold together Rs. 550. Address "XX," care of this Office.

JUST RECEIVED a few BIJOU ORCHESTRAN ORGANS with 4 music rolls and case complete, Rs. 160. A powerful Hand Organ, suitable for Dances or Meeting Halls.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

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MR. M. R. BADSHAW, Weaving Master, Coorla S. and Weaving Co., says:—The first bottle of MOTIWALA'S DINNER PILLS which I had used, gave me so much satisfaction that not only have I willingly kept up its use, but am enabled to give up all costly English medicines, which I had been using before to promote digestion.

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THE NEW IMPROVED PATENT ARISTONS, with iron axles and brass wheels, with 12 Tunes and case complete, Rs. 45. Expressly made to suit the Indian climate; ordinary ones, Rs. 35.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

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LUTITIAN and MELTONIAN CREAM Re. 1-4 and 12 as., Varnishes, Polishes, Creams and Dubbing of all description.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited Bombay.

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VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5, Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge, under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

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FELIX CORNAGLIA
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER, IMPORTER OF FRENCH, ENGLISH AND ITALIAN PROVISIONS, WINE MERCHANT.
For fresh and pure Sweets and Chocolates of sorts for Birthday, Christening or Wedding Cakes, Artistically decorated.
For Dainties, Fancy Confectionery, and choicest Tit-Bits, for good Ices Water or Cream and Ice Pudding and others 1,001 Delicacies
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Pic-nics, Dinners, Balls, Soirees and Suppers supplied. All contracts for Viceregal and other Entertainments undertaken throughout India.

NOTICE.
BALUCHISTAN
"SIBI HORSE SHOW FOR 1892"
WILL be held at SIBI, on MONDAY, the 29th February, 1892, and three days following.
RAI BAHADAR HITTU RAM, C.I.E.,
Extra Assistant Commissioner and Honorary Secretary.
Sibi, 20th January, 1892.

THE INDUSTRIAL QUARTERLY REVIEW,
PUBLISHED UNDER THE AUTHORITY
OF
THE MANAGING COMMITTEE,
OF
THE INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION
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NOW READY.
MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,
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UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE.
WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for Doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE
FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.
This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. I will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 2-4 per Bottle, packing extra.
SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.
S. N. GHOSH, CHEMIST,
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ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.
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HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 4.

AN advance in Rupee Securities, say of 7-16 per cent. in Fours, and ½ in 4½ per Cents. is the only change advised by Reuter's London financial telegram of last evening; Consols having remained at 95⅝; and Bar Silver at 41 9-16d. per oz. In New York, Silver was ⅜ cent higher, at 90⅞, with demand Exchange on London unaltered, at 4·83¾ dollars; and the U. S. Treasury bought yesterday 439,000 ounces at 90·80 to 91·10 cents per oz.

At the weekly Biddings for Indian Council remittances in London yesterday, 37 lakhs were allotted to Calcutta, and one lakh to Bombay, at 1s. 3 15-16d., which is a decline of 1-16d. from last week's regular allotment rate, and of 3-16d. from the highest price obtained for the extra Bills placed afterwards. A lakh and a half of extra Bills at the three Presidences (but chiefly Calcutta) were allotted yesterday, at 1s. 4d. It is announced that 40 lakhs will be offered again next Wednesday. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, remained at 1s. 3¾d.

The Wheat Market was quiet at a further decline of ½d. per cental in both No. 1 Soft White and White Delhi, on the spot in Liverpool at 7s. 4½d. for the former and 7s. 3½d. for the latter, ex-quay. Bombay Linseed was dull, and unchanged in value.

A further drop of 1-16d. per lb. took place in the price of spot American Cotton in Liverpool yesterday, at 3 15-16d. per lb.; and Arrivals were 3-64d. lower in all positions, the extreme quotations being 3 53-64d. for February, and February-March deliveries, and 4 1-64d. for June-July. Surats were unchanged in value. The market closed quiet, Surats neglected, and Arrivals dull, the day's total Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 400 East Indian. The day's Imports were 18,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet.

In New York, 7 7-16 cents, was still the price of ready Mid.-Uplands Cotton yesterday; but Futures for May were 11 points lower, at 7·17 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 22,000 bales; and the following is now the comparison between the present season's arrivals, and those in the previous two years in the same time:—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
Wednesday'sReceipts...	22,000	21,000	20,000
Four days' do. ...	118,000	114,000	100,000
Since 1st Sept., 1891...	5,497,000	5,351,000	5,031,000

A moderate business has been done in our local Cotton Market to-day—again much more for shippers' account than for spinners—the feeling having been quiet, and new Broach and Bhownugger have declined Re. 1 per candy. The purchases by exporters sum up 2,300 bales of new stuff, say, 600 each of Dhulia, at Rs. 154½; and Akola Ginned, at Rs. 167-9¼; 500 Julgaum, at Rs. 158; 200 Pachora, at Rs. 154½; 150 Barsee, at Rs. 177; 100 each of Oomrawattee, at Rs. 152; and Akola, at Rs. 158½; and 50 Hinganghat, at Rs. 171; while the Mills have taken 1,050 bales, made up of 350 each, of new Barsee, at Rs. 179; and Khundwa Ginned, at Rs. 162; 200 Dhulia, at Rs. 154; and 100 old Bhownugger at Rs. 141½; and 50 Veerumgaum, at Rs. 150 per candy.

WHEAT and SEEDS.—Transactions in both these markets have been upon a small scale to-day, the tone of the former having been dull, and the latter quiet; but prices are quite unchanged for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	5,895 bales.
Wheat	15,501 owt.
Linseed	7,191 „
Gingelly	14,160 „
Groundnuts	1,751 „
Castorseed	2,362 „

FREIGHTS are dull, with no fresh business to speak of passing; but rates show no quotable change.

MONEY.—Signs of an increased demand for financial accommodation having become apparent since the last Return of the last Bank of Bombay Return was issued, the directors at their board meeting this afternoon put up their rates by one per cent., making the minimum 5 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE opened nominally firmer, and a little Bank Demand was given at 1-32d. above our quotation at foot; and in Private Paper we hear of a few small amounts having been placed at 1s. 4½d. for February-March delivery; but there has been practically little or nothing doing either way of any consequence, and the market closed quiet as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand.....1s. 3 15-16d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic .....1s. 3 29-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight ...1s. 4 1-32d.	„
Credits 3 months' sight ...1s. 4½d.	„
Francs 3 months' sight.....1·69½	„

The usual Weekly Official Statement relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 3rd Feb, 1892.....Rs. 44,90,000
Silver received during the week ..... „ 5,79,000
Rs. 50,69,000
New Coin paid during the week ..... „ 9,00,000
Rs. 41,69,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals ..... „ 8,05,000
Rs. 49,74,000
Last week..... „ 57,22,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been strong in tone to-day, and an advance of ½ per cent. in Fours for Money, and of ½ for Account has been established, closing quotations being 105½ for cash, and 105½ for the 2nd March account. 104 is still quoted for the other denomination.

SHARES have been quiet, but with more enquiry for Cotton Mill Scrip. We note an advance of Rs. 15 in Hindustan and Hyderabad; of Rs. 10 in Indian Manufacturing; of Rs. 5 each in Khangaum and Western India; and a decline of Rs. 10 in Sunderdass, at our quotations; other prices being unaltered.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macleod arrived here this morning.

ADEN, FEB. 4.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora left here this morning.

The Italian steamer Bisagno, which left Bombay on the 13th ultimo, arrived at Hongkong this day, the 4th.

HONGKONG, FEB. 4.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Malwa left here for Bombay this afternoon.

The P. and O. Co. s. s. Teheran arrived here from Bombay yesterday morning.

SINGAPORE, FEB. 4.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Melpomene left this for Bombay this afternoon.

COLOMBO, FEB. 4.

Mail steamer Ganges from Aden arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats neglected.

Good Dhollera 3¼
The Manchester Market has been quiet.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper 69 7-16
4½ per cent. „ 68⅜

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

FEBRUARY 3.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Tenereffe, perfect Via Lisbon St. Vincent, interrupted.
Telegraphic communication with Assab and Massowah interrupted through failure of Assab-Perim cable. Gunboat will leave Perim for Assab every Thursday and Sunday during interruption of cable.
Cable San Thome Loanda interrupted.
Cable Zanzibar Mombassa interrupted.
At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Passiet.
Route via El Arich interrupted.
Route to Cape Town via Zanzibar right.
Bangkok route to Saigon interrupted.

NOTIFICATION.

FRIENDS and RELATIONS will be happy to hear that MY DAUGHTER RAMABAI is to be MARRIED with SHRIMANT JAYSING RAO PAVAR DHAR RAO of Dhar on Magh Wadya 3, Monday, that is 15th February 1892.
(Sd.) GOVIND RAO TAVAJI,
RAO RAJE SHIRKE.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GEORGE—January 29, at Bankipore, the wife of Monson Georgo, M I C E, Resident Engineer, E I Railway, of a son.
HARE—January 29, at Durunda (Chota Nagpur), aye wife of Alfred P Hare, Bandmaster, XII Kolat-i-Ghilzai Regimen of a son.
WALKER—February 1, at Egmore, Madras, the wife of the Rev James A K Walker, of a son.

DEATHS.

BURNELL—January 19, at Dawa Factory, Behea, E I Ry., Bridgetina Johnson, the beloved wife of George John Burnell, Indigo Planter, Kujra Factory, Purneah, aged 52 years.
WILLIAMSON—January 14, at Pyminana, Upper Burmah of dysentry, Lieutenant C I H Williamson, 26th Punjab Infantry.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1892.

OUR recent reference to the intention of the Government of Bombay to insist that on the feeder lines to be constructed in Guzerat and elsewhere in this Presidency the rates shall be exactly similar to those on the main lines which they will feed by no means exhausted the subject. For reasons of their own which can be easily appreciated the Supreme Government have stood out against projects of this kind being undertaken by the great guaranteed Companies. They will, therefore, need independent management, and the cost of this management, even when reduced to its minimum, must be high, relatively to the receipts of the line. There are many items of expenditure, other than management, of which the same may be said. To assume, therefore, that rates which will pay upon a line of five hundred miles or more, will necessarily pay upon a line with a twentieth of the mileage is to ignore altogether the element of relativity in outlay and income, and the economic difference between the net product of undertakings on a large and on a small scale. Had it been intended to make these branch lines an integral part of the existing systems the case would have been different. But the Government have decided that they shall be independent, self-contained undertakings, each bearing its own costs of management and administration. It is only too clear that in insisting upon the stipulation to which we have called attention the Government have left this consideration out of view. Equally clear is it that they have, in an unlucky moment, devised terms which, unless they are withdrawn, will seriously stand in the way not only of the success, but of the very launching of these enterprises. It cannot be stated too promptly or too plainly that if this stipulation is insisted upon the public will be very reluctant to put capital into undertakings thus precluded by Government from working out their commercial salvation in their own way, and in natural accordance with the conditions of their origin. What we have said applies to the whole group of lines which it is proposed to leave to private enterprise; but it applies with peculiar force to lines upon which Government are not asked for a guarantee. If Government are desirous that the Guzerat lines shall be made as unaided, unguaranteed enterprises, they are surely doing their very best to scare capital from the field. The Barsi project, as everybody knows, depends upon no guarantee. The promoters think that State support when given in that form is dearly bought by the loss of liberty which a railway has to undergo in payment for its guarantee, and it must, we imagine, be a surprise to them that having asked the Government for no other favour than the liberty to lay down a line which the public have been calling out for for many years, they should now be met with a condition which would make it difficult to work the line at a fair profit. As we stated the other day, they will have no monopoly, and it would be foolish to pretend that the public will be placed at their mercy if a reasonably free hand is allowed them. Their line will run along a cart-road; the present bullock-cart transport will be an ever available check upon high rates. If the company were to charge twenty-five per cent. more than the G. I. P. rates they would still offer very considerable facilities to the district. They would, on that basis, carry cotton, the staple of the district, at very little more than half the present cartage rates. Roughly speaking the cartage rates are twice as high as the G. I. P. rates would be if applied to the same mileage, and it seems to us that it would be unfair and uncommercial to put the whole of the difference into the pockets of the traders, before the traffic of the line has been developed, or before by necessary extensions it has covered a longer mileage over which to distribute its fixed charges. We can readily appreciate the motive which has actuated Government in requiring this condition. They desire to protect the public against excessive charges. But we have shown that there is no danger of excessive charges being levied on the line, especially as there is an always available protection for the public in maxima rates, which have hitherto proved sufficient to restrain railways which are ever eager to make money out of the public. Besides, a company which is left to its own instincts under circumstances such as those under which the Barsi Company would have to work ought surely to be trusted to develope a traffic by fair rates. The promoters, it has all along been understood, desire to show that feeder lines in India can be made lucrative undertakings, without help from the State. They are not likely to kill the goose that they expect will lay the golden eggs for them.

A NAME still well remembered in Bombay—and doubtless in Massowa and Magdala also—that of Dr. H. Blanc, is appended to a suggestion in the *Lancet*, which has its value at a time when a pandemic of influenza is afflicting all mankind from China to Peru. Dr. Blanc, writing from Cannes on January 6, states that both in 1890 and during the present visitation he has found a small daily dose of quinine of marked efficacy as a prophylactic, and he deems it worthy of an extensive trial as a means of prevention. He recommends a tabloid of three grains of sulphate of quinine, taken daily at breakfast, to be continued until the epidemic disappears from the locality. In the same medical journal, a correspondent reminds the editor that ten years since he communicated the result of his observations on an epidemic fever of a peculiar type, which to him seemed to be much like the hunger pest, on account of the relapsing feature of the disease. The observations then made have been kept up since, and the writer—who withholds his name—states that he is in a position to prove the continuity of repeated epidemics of the same fever at intervals of two or three years, until in 1888 it almost died out. He has followed the course of the great pandemic influenza of 1889-90, and has no doubt that it is the same disease which he traced to Afghanistan in 1882-83, and which entered Russia by the Caucasus revealing itself to the western world as the influenza. From his knowledge of the history of the epidemic in Calcutta, he has no doubt that its country of origin is the insanitary Gangetic delta in which that city is built. This theory of origin leaves out of account the great inundation in China, which submerged whole provinces and drowned millions of human beings and animals, leaving their remains to rot in the silt on the subsidence of the waters, and thus, it was believed, giving rise to the epidemic which has gone twice round the world. It is for specialists to decide which theory accords best with the observed facts. It is in favour of that put forward by the correspondent of the *Lancet* that his observations ante-date by several years the great Chinese inundation. It is certain that influenza is not a new disease. The present pandemic seems to be peculiar in this that a third annual recurrence proves more virulent and fatal than either of the two preceding outbreaks. Usually the epidemic dies away, and after a few sporadic returns disappears. Every day still brings new evidence of the virulent and deadly character, which it has assumed in this the third year of its progress round the world. Sir Morell Mackenzie is one of the latest victims. In London the deaths from influenza continue to range from four hundred to five hundred a week. In a single day at Milan there have been one hundred and five deaths; the registration offices could hardly enter the number of cases reported; the mourning carriages were insufficient in number, and the grave-diggers in the cemeteries were continually asking for more help. Fortunately the type of influenza which is observable in India, where it is not yet epidemic, is comparatively mild. But there is no guarantee that it may so continue. The valuable life of Sir Robert Sandeman was cut short by an attack of influenza.

THE friends of Foreign Missions at home appear to have directed their attention for the time being to the "Choverie Zion" which has for its object the restoration of the Jews to Palestine. Whether those who attend the meetings consider such a scheme calculated to work out the extermination of the race, or as the best means of saving them from present affliction in Russia and possible complications hereafter in America is not clear, but they are working as though thoroughly convinced that some benefit is likely to accrue—either to the Jews or the agitators. The Rev. Dr. MacGregor, the president of a recent meeting in Edinburgh, declared that the Jews are waiting for the Holy Land and the Holy Land for the Jews, overlooking the fact that this is a subject upon which there is much difference of opinion even among the Jews themselves. In the *Jewish Quarterly Review*, Dr. M. H. Harris, a Hebrew Rabbi, maintains that the Jews are no longer a nation, and in some instances know no other nation than that of their birth. They have no acknowledged Government, and are without a geographical or even a linguistic unity, since Hebrew is only a living tongue to a few. The idea that the Jews will be a nation some day is, he thinks, a Gentile superstition, based upon the fetish interpretation of the Scriptures. Mr. D'Avizgor, the chief in Great Britain of the Choverie Zion, however, is full of hope, believing the Jews and Scotsmen are very similar in qualities. Both possess the gifts of perseverance and hard-headedness; Jews like Scotsmen manage to thrive and get on in countries where many other people starve. At the same time Mr. D'Avizgor felt bound to admit that the temptation for the Jews to live in Palestine on charity is very great and the "Choverie" were much afraid that their colonists might stay away from hard work and become dependant on the charity of people who intended their money to be devoted to very different objects. They had decided, therefore, to direct their people to places more aloof from the temptations of these fleshpots, and have just acquired a piece of land about fifty miles east of Lake Tiberius on the borders of the land of Gideon. At best British support to this scheme appears to be but slight; it is in America that it is most vigorously advocated. Indeed, we believe the scheme originated there when a petition was presented to President Harrison asking that they be restored to the land, "of which they were so cruelly despoiled by our Roman ancestors." An American writer in July last dealt somewhat severely with the petition, and its ultimate proposal that the American Government should hold an international conference to consider the condition of the Israelites. He thought the Jews had forfeited all rightful claim to the Holy Land, and that anyhow the statute of limitations might well be pleaded against a claim to property which has never been asserted for eighteen centuries. On many points his remarks bear out the contention of Dr. Harris, and he urges that not only would the return of the Jews imply the expulsion of the present occupants at the point of the bayonet, but would entangle America in the Eastern Question. Then again they are not prepared for home rule, and do not want to go back to Palestine under present circumstances. Of course it may be supposed that the "large number of influential Americans, editors, preachers, lawyers, philanthropists, politicians, and statesmen" are not wholly disinterested in their desire to tranship the Jews to Palestine. They are just now over-run with impecunious foreigners of all kinds having only just succeeded in expelling the wily Chinamen and are face to face with the "blacks" whom they also contemplate shipping off to somewhere or other at present undetermined. In England there are plenty of aliens, but not sufficient to produce any very appreciative pressure on the labour market. There is no need to hurry. But before diverting sources of revenue from Indian and other missions it might be well to watch the results of the experiment shortly to be made on the borders of the land of Gideon.

THIS year will witness the completion and utilisation of two great Municipal undertakings which in the centuries to come will minister to the well-being of the citizens of Bombay. Before the end of March the water of the Tansa Lake will be admitted into the city mains at Chinchpoogly. His Excellency the Viceroy will be invited by the President and Members of the Corporation to perform the ceremony of letting in the waters. It is to be hoped that the occasion will be celebrated either by a public banquet in the Town Hall or by fete worthy of the occasion. It is to be hoped that Lord Lansdowne will be able to accept this invitation, and pay a short visit to Bombay at the close of the usual cold weather tour. Mr. Clerk, the Civil Engineer, who designed these immense works of the Tansa Lake and the arrangements for bringing the water to Bombay and carried out the whole with such conspicuous ability, must always be named with honour in connection with this great engineering achievement, the larger of its kind in India and about the largest in the world. Yesterday the Municipal Commissioner drew the attention of the Corporation to the fact that for the next budget year provision was made for only ten months' rent for the present Municipal Offices. The lease of that building will expire in December and before the end of the year the Corporation and all Municipal Engineers will be transferred to the beautiful buildings, opposite the Victoria Terminus, which are now rapidly approaching completion under the master hand of Mr. F. W. Stevens. With the exception of the dome the new buildings will be completed and quite prepared for occupation before December.

AN interesting memento of an eminent artist—the last work on which he was engaged when an untimely death cut him off, and suddenly brought to a close a brilliant career—is now on view in Bombay. The bust of Lady Reay—executed by the late Sir Edgar Boehm—which was subscribed for by the women of Bombay, has arrived just in time for the Art Society's Exhibition, now being held at the Secretariat. The portrait of Lady Reay, by Hallé, presented by the Jam Sahib of Jamnagar to the Cama and Albless Hospitals for Women and Children, is also to be seen in the loan gallery of the same Exhibition.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday raised its rate of interest, on demand loan on Government Paper, to 5 per cent.

AT the Bombay Criminal Sessions yesterday, Bhawoo Mahadu was found guilty by a Special Jury of murder, in having caused the death, on the night of the 10th December last, of a Colee boy, named Enos Shravan, who was found lying dead on the sands at Mahim Causeway with his throat cut with a razor. Mr. Justice Parsons, the presiding judge, sentenced the prisoner to be hanged.

SENHOR TEIXEIRA, who is reported to have been appointed Governor-General of Goa has left Macau, where he was Governor, owing to electoral disturbances.

THE Rev. J. H. MACKAY, Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Poona and Kirkee, has been granted privilege leave for two months, and the Rev. J. Henderson has been appointed to act for him during his absence.

MR. A. S. MORIARTY, C.S., has been appointed to act as Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge at Poona, on his return to duty, and Mr. J. D. S. Fitzmaurice, C.S., has been appointed to act as Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge at Satara, on his return to duty.

MR. T. WALKER, C.S., will, on being relieved by Mr. Fitzmaurice, act as Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge, Ratnagiri.

MR. E. H. MOSCARDI, C.S., will, on his return to duty, act as Assistant Judge in the Surat District for the Broach Collectorate.

MR. C. A. KINCAID, Supernumerary Assistant Collector in the district of Karachi, has been appointed a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

MR. R. M. PHILLIPS, Police Probationer, has been appointed to the office of the District Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad.

MR. A. E. CUMMING, Acting Cantonment Magistrate, Karachi, has been appointed Judge of Small Causes in Karachi Cantonment.

MR. W. M. FLETCHER has been appointed to act as Survey and Settlement Commissioner, in addition to his own duties, on being relieved by Mr. E. C. Ozanne, C.S.

MR. H. C. MULES has been appointed to act as Deputy Commissioner, District Magistrate, and District Registrar, Upper Sind Frontier District, during the absence of Mr. C. E. S. Steele, on privilege leave.

MR. S. A. WHITLE has been appointed 6th grade Deputy Collector in Sind.

THE services of Mr. R. A. Lamb, Indian Civil Service, Bombay Presidency, and Deputy Commissioner in Burma, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay.

MR. S. B. DOIG, M.I.C.E., has been appointed Sanitary Engineer and Member of the Sanitary Board; *vice* Mr. Doig, and Mr. C. G. Burke, R.E., M.I.C.E., has been appointed Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Captain E. C. Spilsbury, R.E., Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, and Mr. T. W. D. Winton, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade.

THINGS continue in rather a lively state between the reform and retrograde parties in the Lahore Municipality, writes the local paper. The Executive Engineer had given notice of a motion against the Committee compounding invasions of public property and rights. The Civil Surgeon represented that numerous encroachments on public property and rights were allowed which were objectionable from a sanitary point of view, and that the Committee, as custodian of the public interests, failed in its duty in allowing these. On the other hand it was argued that the Committee had a legal right to do anything it liked with its own, and that each case was dealt with on its merits. It is needless to say that a majority deprecated any such resolution as unnecessary. *Custodes quis custodiet?* What is the use of being a Municipal Commissioner if you cannot help a friend or constituent to break a bye-law or make an encroachment?

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending February 2nd was 608, giving a death-rate of 36·82 per annum per thousand as against 22·86 the corresponding period of last year, and 27·10 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 187 died from fevers; 18, small-pox; 23, phthisis; 23, measles

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STRANDING OF A GERMAN MAIL STEAMER.

LONDON, FEB. 4.

The steamship Eider, one of the vessels of the North-German Lloyd Line, has grounded off St. Catherine's Point, Isle of Wight. The passengers and crew were gallantly saved by the lifeboats from the shore. The vessel will probably become a total wreck.

MEDAL FOR THE HAZARA EXPEDITION.

The Indian War Medal of 1854, with a clasp inscribed "Hazara 1891," has been granted to the troops employed in the Hazara Expedition.

DEATH OF SIR MORELL MACKENZIE.

Sir Morell Mackenzie, the eminent physician, died yesterday evening of syncope, the result of an attack of influenza.

THE INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC.

LONDON, FEB. 4.

The influenza epidemic is decreasing in Great Britain and in many parts of the Continent.

ATTEMPTS TO FLOAT THE VICTORIA UNSUCCESSFUL.

Further attempts to float H. M. S. Victoria were made to-day, but proved unsuccessful, notwithstanding the removal of her heavy guns and gear.

A MILITARY DIVORCE SUIT.

The Court has granted a decree *nisi* in the divorce suit brought by Colonel Gatacre.

THE MAHDI'S PRISONERS.

VIENNA, FEB. 4.

Lieutenant Vages, of the Austrian Army, who recently made a journey from Bombay to Calcutta on horseback, projects an expedition to the Soudan in the spring to liberate the prisoners confined at Omdurman.

PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 3.

The Treasury purchased to-day 439,000 ounces of silver, at prices ranging from 90·80 to 91·10.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, FEB. 4.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Peninsular, with the homeward Indian mails of the 30th ult., arrived here at 2 a.m. to-day.

COLOMBO, FEB. 4.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ravenna, with the China and Australian mails, left here for Bombay, at 9 a.m., to-day.

THE PUNJAB LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORSHIP.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. d.

It is settled that Sir Alfred Lyall hands over the Lieutenant-Governorship to Sir Dennis Fitzpatrick, on March 5, Sir Dennis deferring his return to India for a week. Sir Alfred Lyall leaves Lahore for Bombay on Wednesday.

THE BALRAMPORE KHEDDAH TRAGEDY.

Details are published of a deplorable accident which brought the Balrampore Kheddah operations in Garhwal to an abrupt conclusion. It appears that a herd of elephants had been marked down, and on Monday morning a party started for the scene of action. On approaching the valley in which the herd was collected a couple of shots were heard in the hill above, which led to the belief that the elephants had been disturbed and were attempting to escape. The whole of the Kheddah proceeded rapidly forward. The elephant upon which were mounted Major and Mrs. Anson was one of the foremost, and was immediately followed by one upon which the Lieutenant-Governor was mounted. On getting into the low hills by a narrow defile the leading elephant and Major Anson's crossed a nullah, and the Lieutenant-Governor was in the act of following when a large solitary tusker furiously charged the head of the line from an unexpected quarter. The leading elephants attempted to get out of the way, but Major Anson's was overtaken, struck in flank, and was overthrown by the force of the collision. Major and Mrs. Anson were hurled to the ground, the former was unhurt, but Mrs. Anson sustained, injuries so severe that she succumbed in a few hours.

INSPECTION OF 3RD BOMBAY LIGHT CAVALRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 4.

Sir George Greaves, Commander-in-Chief, accompanied by Major-General Blundell, Commanding the Poona District, with their respective Staffs, inspected the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry, prior to their departure from Poona, on their parade-ground. His Excellency was received on the ground by Colonel Willoughby and other Officers of the Regiment. After inspection the regiment went through several exercises, in very good style. Afterwards the Commander-in-Chief, addressing them, said that he was sorry to lose them from Poona, and remarked that they would be missed both at the manœuvres and in social circles. The conduct of the men had been excellent during their stay, and they had always been well turned-out. His Excellency said the little horses seemed to have stood hard work wonderfully well; for their excellent condition showed that the stable management of the Regiment was second to none in India.

UNVEILING OF LADY LANSDOWNE'S PORTRAIT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 4.

This afternoon the portrait of Lady Lansdowne was unveiled in the Town Hall, in the presence of a large gathering.

LADY DUFFERIN'S FUND.

The annual meeting of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund was held this afternoon, at the Town Hall, H. E. the Viceroy presiding. The report was adopted, and the usual formal resolutions were passed.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

THE second day's races of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club Regatta cameoff yesterday afternoon. The principal event on the card was the first race in which intense interest was manifested. The boats were favoured with a good breeze, of which they took advantage by setting every piece of canvas that caused them to glide through the water at a rapid rate. When the yachts went off at 2-37 p.m., they remained in company for a long time, and presented a picturesque sight. Dr. Boyd's trim little cutter the Santa was magnificently piloted from start to finish, every advantage being taken at the points for tacking. The Cinderella, which by her magnitude possessed a decided advantage in catching the wind, showed the way twice round. In her second trip much time was lost and a little danger experienced by her almost colliding with a native craft that attempted to run across her bows. The rowing matches of the natives was productive of intense amusement from the impetuous manner in which they plunged their oars into the water at starting. Their pace across the stream was rapid and the journey accomplished in quick time. It was amusing to see the men of the successful boat break a cocoanut on the bow of their craft for the good luck which attended them. In the Men-of-War boat race the sailors of H. M. S. Cossack showed excellent training by the pretty and dexterous fashion in which they went off and dipped their oars in the water in excellent time and stroke. They maintained the reputation which their gunboat bears for speed, and pulled off two races. The races have been a decided success, and the committee no doubt derived much satisfaction in seeing that their efforts to provide such a number of handsome prizes draw a large number of entries. The onerous duties of sending off the boats rested with Captain Bean, Captain Macaulay, and Captain Potts, who, it is needless to say, discharged them to the best of their ability and with every fairness. Mr. Lund, of Messrs. Lund and Blockley, was present, and took the times. The following are the particulars :—

SAILING RACE.—A sealed Handicap for all bona-fide Club Yachts. Entrance Rs. 15. 1st prize, a cup valued at Rs. 500; 2nd prize, Rs. 200; and 3rd prize, Entrance Fees. *Twice* round the course.

Yachts name.	Rig	Entered by	
Senta	Cutter	Dr H M Boyd	1
White Rose	Lateen	Maj W E Hillard	2
Ianthe	Lateen	Mr L Rivett-Carnac	3
Cinderella	Lateen	Mr James Moore	0
Falcon	Lateen	Mr J Janni	0
Mannikin	Cutter	Mr John B K Macbeth	0
La Mascotte	Lateen	Mr J Westall	6

The boats got away to an excellent start, their sails beautifully taking the wind, which was fairly strong. The Cinderella in both courses flew a long way ahead of her sister boats, but when the sealed handicap was declared their positions were given as above. Time—Senta: 1st round at 3-58-50; 2nd round at 5-28-35. White Rose: 1st round at 4-3-50; 2nd round at 5-35-5. Ianthe: 1st round at 3-58-50; 2nd round at 5-21-20. The following is the table of handicapping.

	Ianthe.	Falcon.	White Rose.	La Mascotte.	Senta.	Mannikin.
	M. S.	MIN.	MIN.	MIN.	MIN.	MIN.
Cinderella	4 30	15	20	26	32	40
Ianthe	..	12	17	23	29	37
Falcon	..	..	5	11	17	25
White Rose	..	..	..	6	12*	20
La Mascotte	..	..	..	..	6	14
Senta	..	..	..	..	..	8
Manikin	..	..	..	..	..	..

ROWING MATCHES.

1ST RACE.—For Licensed Passenger Boats. Entrance Free. 1st Prize Rs. 20 and 2nd Prize Rs. 10. Six boats to start or no second prize.

Rahamin	No 4439 Shaik Dawood	1
Luxmi	No 2367 Goolam Hussain	2
Bowani	No 4926 Jamoodin Mahomed Cassum	3
Hindustan	No 4263 Abdool Rahiman	0
Gunga	No 2197 Mahomed Kassum	0
Lukshmee	No 4793 Shaik Ossman	0
Dustagiri	No 5038 Shaik Ossman	0

The boats went off at 4-37 to a good start, the native oarsmen pulling with might and main. They rowed across to middle ground and back and passed the Schooner in the above order. The hasty manner in which they started and the splashing of their oars created intense amusement.

2ND RACE.—For Licensed Canoes—Entrance Free. 1st Prize Rs. 10 and 2nd Prize Rs. 5. Six canoes to start or no second prize.

Dharmawati	No 7023 Ebrahim Ismail	1
Mahamoodi	No 11033 Dawood Mahomed	2
Sangoo	No 3039 Ebramjee Abdool Cadur	3
Salamatee	No 8808 Ismaljee Hosenjee	0
Yeshwantee	No 2382 Shaik Haroon Amanba	0
Kesari	No 6928 Shaik Oomer	0
Yeshwantee	No 10091 Esoobjee Mahomed Kassum	0
Salamutty	No 9300 Shaboodin Amedba	0

When the report of the gun despatched this number a deal of confusion was witnessed; but they kept well together in the first half and on rounding the boat near the middle ground got much scattered. The rowing was brisk and laborious against the tide.

3RD RACE.—For Four to Six-Oared Gigs, Man-of-war, Ships' Boats or otherwise 1 mile. Entrance Rs. 5. 1st prize, Rs. 60; 2nd prize, Rs. 30; and 3rd prize, Rs. 15. Four boats to start or no 2nd prize. Five boats to start or no 3rd prize.

H M S Cossack's Boat	Lieut A E Greville	1
Royal Engineers' Boat	Lieut E T Tudor	2
H M S Redbreast's Boat Robin	Lieut R M Lambert	3

The boats moved off at 5, 1-30, when H. M. S. Cossack's boat assumed the lead and maintained it to the finish. The R. E. boat pulled up wonderfully after having a bad start and secured second honors.

4TH RACE.—For Ten-Oared Boats, Man-of-war, Ships' Boats or otherwise, 1 mile. Entrance Rs. 5. 1st prize, Rs. 80; 2nd prize, Rs. 40; and 3rd prize, Rs. 20. Four boats to start or no 2nd prize. Five boats to start or no 3rd prize.

H M S Cossack's Boat	Lt A E Greville	1
H M S Pigeon's Boat	Lt S W Gray	2
H M S Lapwing's Boat	Lt E D Johnson	3
H M S Redbreast's Boat Redbreast	Commander Preedy	0
H M I M S Tennasarim's Boat	Mr W G Windham	0

The tide was now going out fast, and when the lot were despatched at 5-5-6 to an excellent start they had a difficult task across the stream, H. M. S. Cossack's boat again proved true to her colors and pulled off the prize.

5TH RACE.—For bona-fide Club Yachts' Jolly Boats. Any size or number of oars pulled by yachts' sailing crews. Entrance Free. 1st prize, Rs. 45; and 2nd prize, Rs. 20. Four boats to start or no second prize.

La Mascotte's Boat	Mr J Westall	0
Ianthe's Boat	Mr L Rivett-Carnac	0
Cinderella's Gig	Mr James Moore,	0
Falcon's Boat	Mr J Janni	0

The four started well together and the race was well contested. La Mascotte's boat accomplished the distance in 10 min. 30 sec. and the Ianthe's in 11 mins.

PRIVATE RACE.

Captain Stebbing's Dove	4-48-30
Captain Thorburn's Fairie	4-51-5
Mr. Samuel Melling's Blue Bell	5- 3-11

This was a private race that had been instituted for the purpose of showing up English-rigged boats, which were sent off at 2-58 and returned in the above order.

Two railway accidents, one with fatal results, occurred at Benares on Tuesday. In the first, a native fireman of the up-mail from Moghul Serai was on the tender breaking coal while approaching the Dufferin Bridge, when he was swept off by part of the ornamental iron work of the bridge at the entrance, which is low, and fell between the tender and the front brake van, being cut to pieces. The entire train passed over him. In the second accident, No. 3 up-goods carried away a gate, at a level crossing on the Allahabad road, which was shut, and the gate-keepers absent. Both men are under arrest. Little or no damage was done to the engine.

THE trials of the new mail steamer Armand-Behic, built by the Messageries Maritimes Company for their Australian line, have just been held with highly satisfactory results. The mean speed on the measured mile was 17·70 knots. On the more extended trial between the Isles d'Hyeres and Naples she averaged 17·63 knots, and from Naples to Algiers, with very rough weather, 16 knots, returning from that port to Marseilles in 22 hours 40 minutes, giving an average of 17·64 knots. The Armand-Behic is a steamer of 6,500 tons and 7,000 horse-power, with most comfortable accommodation for 160 first-class, 75 second, and 112 third-class passengers.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, under the presidency of Mr. George Cotton. There were also present:—Messrs. Amirudin Tyabji and Ardasir D. Mody, Brigadier-Surgeon S. O'B. Banks, Messrs. Barjorji Sorabji Shroff, Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Pestonjee, Darashah Ratanjee Chichgar, Dinshaw Eduljee Wacha, J. R. Duxbury, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Hapa Balaram, Fazulbhai Jumabhai Laljee, J. F. Fernandez, Framjee Dorabjee Divecha, Grattan Geary, Reginald Gilbert, Hasambhai Visram, Hormusjee C. Coorlawalla, Hurkisondas Nurrotumdas, Jagmohandas Vandravandas, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Messrs. Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, K. M. Shroff, T. B. Kirkham, Luchmon Singh, Brigade-Surgeon G. A. Maconachie, Messrs. Muljee Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Muncherjee C. Murzban, Naorojee Beiramjee Suntook, S. A. Nathan, Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta, Purshotumdas Mungaldas Nathubhoy, Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, Rastamjee Nasarvanjee Khory, Rustomjee Dhunjeebhoy Setna, G. W. Roughton, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Veigas; Captain W. P. Walshe, Mr. J. P. Watson, and Col. W. H. Wilson.

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR 1892-93.

The Budget estimates for 1892-93 were proceeded with.

Mr. E. B. Carroll proposed that the Budget estimate of Rs. 60,108 in respect of expenditure for the year 1892-93 for Hospitals, &c., be adopted.

Mr. T. B. Kirkham seconded the proposition, reserving his remarks.

Mr. P. M. Mehta thought it necessary to explain what was meant by the amendment, which stood in his name, and which was to the effect that the item for hospitals, &c., be passed at Rs. 52,108 instead of Rs. 60,108. The Corporation, he said, at their last meeting passed the grant for Primary Education at Rs. 5,000 more than they had sanctioned last year. The Corporation were bound to contribute a certain amount under the Act for the maintenance of Primary Education, which the Government, or rather that mysterious fund founded by somebody, had neglected; and which the Corporation were very anxious that it should be in no way hampered. (Hear, hear.) The Standing Committee having recommended that Rs. 5,000 more should be spent for primary education, he would be very reluctant, indeed, to hamper the very good work done in the interest of the city. It was quite possible that Government might come down one day on the Municipal fund in the Bank of Bombay, and take forcibly from them Rs. 3,000 under their letter addressed to the Corporation on the subject of the Infectious Diseases Hospital. If the Government were to forcibly take from the Corporation Rs. 3,000 for the purpose indicated, the latter body ought to look out for ways and means by which they could make up that amount, which they would be obliged to pay in consequence of the attitude assumed by Government in the matter. The sum of Rs. 36,000 contributed by the Corporation for the maintenance of the Gocouldas Hospital was an entirely voluntary contribution; and it had been stated on more than one occasion that if the Corporation were driven into a corner with regard to certain arrangements arrived at between Government and the Corporation, the latter would be obliged to come down on the voluntary contribution for the purpose of recouping themselves. Should the Government of India to whom they had appealed in the matter of the Infectious Diseases Hospital, decline to interfere; and the local Government compelled them to pay the Rs. 3,000, the Corporation would have to consider if it would not be a wise thing to deduct that amount from their voluntary contribution of Rs. 36,000, and he would not have the least compunction to propose such a course particularly because the whole of the grant had not been spent every year for the maintenance of the Gocouldas Hospital. In former years there used to be a saving of Rs. 6,000 every year; but ever since the time the Corporation, with their usual liberality, had passed a resolution recommending that nurses should be employed in that Hospital, Government having refused to contribute their share for payments to the nurses, a sum of about two or three thousand rupees was spent for the purpose, there being still a saving of about three thousand rupees from their voluntary grant. It would be necessary, under the circumstances, to ask the mover of the original proposition if he would consent to add the following words to his resolution:—"Subject to any subsequent reduction which the Corporation may be in a position to make in this expenditure." While negotiations were going on between the Government and the Corporation on certain matters, he (Mr. Mehta) felt that he ought not to push his amendment to the extreme point, and he would, therefore, ask the Corporation, at present, to adopt a middle and a conciliatory course, and allow him, instead of moving his amendment, to add the above-mentioned words to the original proposition. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Carroll consented to add the words to his resolution.

Mr. Kirkham contended that a grant qualified with such words as had been suggested would not be a Budget grant under the provisions of the Act. He did not quite see how they were going to enter the item in the Budget, and then to add up the total.

Mr. Mehta said that a Budget grant meant a grant which under all contingences might be required to be spent by the Corporation during the year. It did not mean that the whole grant was to be spent. The Corporation had passed similar propositions with regard to the Gocouldas Hospital in previous years.

The Municipal Commissioner pointed out that under a particular Section of the Act, the Standing Committee might at any time reduce the amount of the Budget grant, and every such reduction or transfer should be brought to the notice of the Corporation at their next meeting.

The President, concurring with Mr. Mehta, observed that the adding of the words to the original proposition would not create any difficulty contemplated by Mr. Kirkham.

The resolution with the addition of the words was then put to the vote and carried.

DISCRETIONAL CONTINGENCIES.

Mr. E. B. Carroll moved that the Commissioner be granted Rs. 7,000 for discretional contingencies.

Mr. Wacha moved as an amendment that the amount be reduced to Rs. 2,000. He was altogether against allowing anything whatever; but as they were bound to provide some sum, he thought, Rs. 2,000 was quite sufficient. He thought the less power they gave to the Municipal Commissioner to spend money at his own sweet will the better. He considered the Commissioner's budgets very extravagant, and he thought they ought not to allow him anything more. He knew what the fate of the amendment would be—(hear, hear)—but still he must make his voice heard. (Laughter.)

Mr. Suntook seconded the amendment.

Dr. Viegas moved a further amendment that the amount be passed at Rs. 5,000.

Mr. Kapadia supported the original motion.

Mr. P. Mehta remarked that it was not a question of a small or a large sum. Mr. Wacha must know that every business concern must allow a discretional amount, and so far as the Corporation was concerned there was special reason for it.

Mr. Kirkham pointed out that no one had attempted, for a single moment, to show that the amount asked for was too much. He strongly protested against such a waste of the Corporation time in discussing such motions.

Both amendments were lost, only being supported by the mover and seconder, and the orginal motion was carried.

MUNICIPAL OFFICES.

The Coroporation sanctioned Rs. 28, 545 for the rent of the Municipal offices.

The Commissioner in reply to Dr. Blaney remarked that he hoped to get into the new Municipal offices shortly after the rains, when it was expected that the handsome buildings would be completed

VICTORIA GARDENS.

It was proposed to spend Rs. 34,850 at the Victoria Gardens on new roads, planting and turfing new ground, filling low ground, extending fernery and a new turnstile.

Mr. Wacha moved that the amount be reduced by Rs. 12,550, as he considered that laying new roads in the Garden was a matter that could be delayed,

Dr. Viegas said he would vote for the expenditure if the Gardens were thrown open to the public free of charge

The Municipal Commissioner remarked that the fees question at the Gardens would have to be reconsidered at an early date, and either raised or abolished, as at present they caused a great deal of trouble without any commensurate good.

The amendment was negatived, and the motion carried.

An amount of Rs. 91,668 was provided for special extraordinary works, also reserve funds, including Nesbit-road Bridge, Municipal Building Fund, Reserve and Sinking and Insurance Fund, Rs. 21,600; election expenses, Rs. 500; and Municipal building fire insurance, Rs. 3,000.

LOAN WORKS BUDGET.

The loans work expenditure was passed at Rs. 18,42,976.

The only item remain to be considered in the Budget is the police charges in connection with which Mr. P. Mehta gave notice of motion as follows: "That the police grant be passed at Rs. 2,58,000 as at present plus Rs. 1,00,000, the amount which is stated by Government to be the full amount of the increased cost of the police.

The Corporation then adjourned.

"THE DEVIL" AT IT AGAIN!

EVEN Homer nods; and the *Saturday Review* trips at times:—

"The Devil has played many a part in the history of Literature," says the *Saturday Review*,—but "the Devil" perhaps never played a stranger part (and one for which amends might more fairly be claimed) than when to a very favourable review of Dr. Pollen's Rhymes from the Russian, he added by a disarrangement of the type some sporting remarks intended for the review of a book by an American journalist dealing with "the Devil in the character of a vulgar Yankee."

Dr. Pollen's book is a little volume of some 120 pages; but the Printer's Devil makes the *Saturday Review* wind up its eulogistic notice thereof with the following strangely irrelevant remarks, evidently intended for the editor of the New York *Screamer*, and his 400 pages of Rhymes about the Devil.

"The Devil has played many a part in the history of literature, and has been called many bad names, but it has been left to an American journalist, "the editor of the New York *Screamer*," to represent him in the character of a vulgar Yankee. "The mighty monarch of hell may, indeed, feel this to be the hardest cut of all. The idea of the book before us, had it been treated by a poet, might have made the foundation of an effective satire; but we can take no interest in the Devil's sarcasms against the present American Constitution and modern society in general when they are uttered in doggrel verse, full of slang terms, and carried on for the length of some four hundred pages.

Dr. Pollen has, we think, reason to complain.

DISTRESS IN BIJAPUR.

PRIVATE RELIEF FOR THE DISTRESSED.

THE following notification from the Revenue Department was issued last evening :—

BOMBAY CASTLE, 4TH FEBRUARY.

Letter from Mr. Chunilal Punalal residing on the Kalbadevi Road in the City of Bombay, dated 19th January 1892 :—

"In submitting my condolences to Her Imperial Majesty the Queen and Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales in the general calamity which has overtaken the Empire in the death of His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, I have the honour to send herewith a sum of Rs. 1,000, (Note No. S.-87—85151.) in aid of the sufferers on account of the famine, though partial, that is now raging in the Bijapur and its adjoining districts. I leave it to His Excellency the Governor in Council to dispose of the sum as he deems proper."

Resolution.—The liberal donation of Mr. Chunilal Punalal for Bijapur should be gratefully accepted. The money may, in accordance with the wishes of the donor be placed at the disposal of the Collector of Bijapur with a view to his expending it on charitable relief in the district.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT C H LEWIS, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted to return to duty.

SUB-CONDUCTOR B. EDWARDS, Ordnance Department, has been granted furlough for six months.

MAJOR WILLIAM ALEXANDER WETHERALL, has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

Captain C. H. Milford and Lieutenant G. W. Lloyd, Welsh Fasiliers, remain at home on extended leave.

Lieutenants H. R. MEAD and D Baker, both of the Indian Staff Corps, have been permitted to return to duty.

COLONEL W A SALMON, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted six months' extension leave on medical certificate.

LIEUTENANT C. J. CLERK, 21st Hussars, has been appointed Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Trinidad.

CAPTAIN R. D. BROOME, Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 9th Bombay Infantry, has been granted leave on private affairs for one year.

THE services of Lieutenant A. F. Ferguson Davie, 10th Bombay Light Infantry, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India.

Colonel J Grierson, Staff Corps, Examiner, Public Works Accounts, N.-W. Provinces and Oudh, has been granted eighteen months' furlough in Europe.

LIEUTENANT G. W. C. KNATCHBULL, Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Adjutant, 22nd Bombay Infantry, has been granted one year's leave on private affairs.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. GRANT, Staff Corps, Commandant, 4th Regiment, Bombay Infantry, has been granted one year's leave, to proceed out of India, on private affairs.

MAJOR A. WESTON, 5th Lancers, has been granted 90 days privilege leave to England; and Major A. W Elliott, Lincolnshire Regiment, proceeds home on leave pending retirement.

LIEUTENANT C G CARNEGY, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted two months' extension of leave, and Captain R. W. Preston, extension of leave for thirty-four days on private affairs.

CAPTAIN H S FITZGERALD, Durham Light Infantry, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, Sind District, has been granted eight months' leave, to proceed out of India on medical certificate.

SURGEON-MAJOR O. G. WOOL, M.S., having on the 28th January reported his arrival from England, is directed under telegraphic instructions from Army Head-Quarters, to proceed to Jhansi, for charge of the Station Hospital there.

LIEUTENANT DAWSON WARREN, 2nd Battalion, The Queen's (R. W. S.) Regiment is permitted to proceed to England on leave, on the recommendation of a Medical Board, in anticipation of the leave which will be hereafter granted to him by the Commander-in-Chief.

CAPTAIN W. C. Aslett, Staff Corps, second in command, 1st Bombay Infantary, has been granted leave on private affairs for one year, and Lieutenant A.W. D. Creagh, Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Quartermaster, 21st Bombay Infantry, has also been granted leave on private affairs for the same term.

MAJORS J. A. FERGUSSON and H. J. Fergusson, Rifle Brigade, have been posted to the 2nd and 3rd Battalions, respectively; and Lieutenants H. M. Biddulph and R. Alexander, Rifle Brigade, to the 1st Battalion. Lieutenant B. R. Daunt, Sussex Regiment, has been transferred from the 2nd to the 1st Battalion.

THE following appointments have been sanctioned:—22nd Punjab Infantry.—Lieutenant G. J. Davis, Scottish Rifles, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation; 32nd Pioneers.—Lieutenant H. Bethune, East Lancashire Regiment, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation; 40th Pathan Infantry.—Lieutenant H. B. Ford, Supernumerary on the establishment of the 25th Punjab Infantry, to be Wing Officer, 24th Gurkhas.—Lieutenant R. E. Travers, West Surrey Regiment, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation.

SURGEON-COLONEL F. W. WADE, M.D., M.S., having, on the 30th January, reported his arrival from England, is directed under instructions from Army Head-Quarters to assume the Administrative Medical Charge of the Allahabad District, from the above date. Brigade Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel C. F. Churchill, M. B., M. S., having been relieved of the Officiating Administrative Medical Charge, Allahabad District, is directed to resume the charge of the Allahabad Station Hospital.

THE following notification appears in the Allahabad District Orders:—An instance having lately occurred of a soldier being badly wounded by a gun accident, which ought never to have occurred, the Brigadier-General desires that Commanding Officers will issue the strictest orders that loaded guns are never, under any circumstances, to be allowed in camp or quarters. No breech-loader should ever be loaded, except when it is expected that game may be found, and all muzzle loaders should be fired off by the owners before returning to camp or barracks. This order to be read on three parades.

GURDASPUR has had no rain since September. The crops are withered, and food grains are at almost famine prices, *atta* selling at 9 to 10 seers per rupee. The mean temperature continues above the average, and though the sky has been cloudy for some days, and the dews are heavy, showing a moist atmosphere, no rain has fallen.

DEATH OF SIR MORELL MACKENZIE.

INFLUENZA has removed another prominent member of Society in London, Sir Morell Mackenzie, the eminent physician who attended the late Emperor Frederick III. of Germany in his fatal illness. According to Routledge's biographies, Sir Morell was born at Leytonstone, Essex, in 1837, and was educated at the London Hospital Medical College, Paris, and Vienna. He founded the Hospital for Diseases of Throat, Golden Square, 1863; and in the same year obtained the Jacksonian Prize from the Royal College of Surgeons for his Essay on Diseases of the Larynx. He was soon afterwards elected Assistant-Physician to the London Hospital, becoming in due course full Physician, and was appointed Lecturer on Diseases of the Throat, an appointment which he for a long time held. He was Corresponding Member of the Imperial Royal Society of Physicians of Vienna, and of the Medical Society of Prague, and an Honorary Fellow of the American Laryngological Association. Dr. Mackenzie was the author of numerous publications on laryngological subjects, and in particular of a systematic treatise in two volumes, on "Diseases of the Throat and Nose," which is acknowledged to be a standard work. It has been translated into French and German, and has had a very large circulation both in England and in America. Dr. Mackenzie also wrote monographs on Diphtheria and Hay-Fever, and published an article on "Specialism in Medicine" in the June number of the *Fortnightly Review* (1885), which excited considerable attention. Dr. Morell Mackenzie was in attendance on Frederick III. of Germany during his last illness, and was knighted in 1887. He published in 1888, "The Fatal Illness of Frederick the Noble," and resigned his connection with the College of Physicians at the close of that year. In 1889 he contributed to the *Contemporary Review* some essays entitled "The Voice in Singing and Speaking."

Vanity Fair some time ago had a portrait of Sir Morell Mackenzie, and in its letter-press published the following sprightly sketch of his career :—

"Three generations ago, a Ross-shire Highlander put a shilling about some part of his person, and set his face across the border. His name was Mackenzie. He amassed a good fortune, and his grandson grew into a mad doctor of much ability but of retiring habits. To this physician, then living at Leytonstone, there was born, fifty years ago, a son who was named Morell after an uncle who perished very creditably in the loss of the *Pegasus*. Young Morell was left to run wild in Epping Forest to an advanced boyhood; but he progressed well later; took a high degree at the University of London; abjured the retiring habits of his father; screwed a brass plate on his door; and took to looking down people's throats for guineas. His success in private practice was great and immediate, and in a few years after setting up, he could give to physicians who had been established a life-time, a score of patients and a beating. He became a Specialist. He wrote books on "Diseases of the Throat and Nose" and on the "Hygiene of the Vocal Organs." He founded the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat in Golden Square, obtained all the professional honours in general which Throat and Nose can give, and became the special champion of Specialism in Medicine as opposed to General Routine; in which capacity he largely developed and amply displayed the bellicose and controversial predisposition he had inherited from the original Highlander. A few months ago he was called in to deal with the throat of the Crown Prince of Germany, which had baffled all the German doctors; and this he has treated with such success that it has been made the occasion for conferring upon him the distinction of a Knighthood. Sir Morell is a man of wealth, of capacity, and of strong individuality. He has long been the physician and friend of all singers and actors; and he has a son who is already making a name as a comedian."

Sir Morell during the last few years contributed much to periodical literature on a variety of subjects relating to his profession. One of the latest of these in the *Contemporary Review* referred to Dr. Koch's discovery which may here be reproduced :—

Sir Morell laments that the discoveries in medical science of recent years have all been made in France or Germany, not in England, and he says:—"This is due in part to the opposition which well-meaning but mistaken persons have offered to biological research in England, but still more to the apathy and indifference to anything but their own material interests, which have characterised the policy of our two leading medical Corporations for many years back. The College of Surgeons, which is by far the richest body of the kind in the world, does hardly anything to encourage scientific investigation, but divides the bulk of its large revenues among the members of its governing body and their satellites. A representative form of government for this Institution would at once put an end to the misapplication of funds, and would insure a considerable portion of its income being spent in promoting original research. English medical science would in this way be soon restored to the proud position it once occupied. Whatever the cause may be, the fact is undeniable." Sir Morell merely refers to this in passing." He continues:—"There can be no shadow of doubt that in Koch's fluid we have an agent of tremendous power. Only those who have seen the effect of the injection of a minute quantity of it can have any conception of the physiological earthquake which it causes. It seems to run through the system, searching out every nook and corner for tubercle, which it drags from its hiding-place into the light of day. It is, therefore, a poison infinitely stronger than the concentrated venom of the most poisonous snake. The power of the new remedy for evil, if rashly used, is, therefore, undeniable; and from what I have already seen of its effects when given in properly regulated doses, I am disposed to think that its potency for good, within certain limits, is not less conclusively proved. It is premature, however, to speak of *cure*, even in cases of lupus, which, by universal consent, is the affliction in which the beneficial effect of the remedy has been most clearly displayed." Sir Morell sums up the whole matter as follows:—"When the patient is in the last stage of consumption, when he is worn out by his long suffering, when there is organic mischief of the heart or kidneys, or when the tuberculous disease is in a closed cavity (like the skull, for instance), I agree with Professor Senator that Koch's treatment should on no account be used. To sum up: I believe that Koch's fluid is an agent of the highest possible value for the *detection* of tubercle, a remedy of great potency for certain of the slighter manifestations of tuberculosis, a palliative for some of the distressing symptoms of severer forms of the disease, and a deadly poison in advanced or unsuitable cases. Probably when more is known as to its mode of action, it will be possible to do more good by its means, with less risk of harm, than is the case at present."

THE "CROCODILE" SCARE.

THE *Times of Ceylon*, of the 25th ult., contains an account of the scare concerning H. M. S. Crocodile, to which we were able to give a denial the following day. Our contemporary says:—The sensational news went the round of Colombo last night (24th ult.) that the troopship "Crocodile" on her way out to India had gone down with all hands, 1,400 lives in all being lost. How the report got about it is hard to say, but it seems to have had its origin on the trooper "Himalaya" which left yesterday for Trincomalie and the Far East. This vessel was visited yesterday before she left by a large number of persons, and on board the report was going the rounds that a telegraphic message had been received by the officers conveying the intelligence of the loss of the ship in the Indian Ocean on her way to India. Another explanation of the origin of the rumour is that the news was brought by the "Hohenstaufen," which arrived from Aden yesterday. However, it arose the intelligence was very soon circulated on shore. In the barracks the news spread quickly, and there was considerable excitement, particularly amongst the detachment of Gordons left behind, for the "Crocodile" was believed erroneously to be taking out the draft of Gordons to make up the full strength of the regiment which lately left us. Reuter, however, has sent no message, and we are glad to say that the doubts we entertained last night, when we heard the news as to the veracity of the rumour have been confirmed to-day, for on inquiring at the D. A. A. General's Office this morning, Col. Churchill, who had himself not heard of the *canard*, said that he had received from his brother Captain Orford Churchill, who is the commander of the "Crocodile," a letter announcing the safe arrival of the steamer at Bombay. His brother had informed him that in the early part of the voyage they met with rough weather, in which a couple of the soldiers on board were killed by falling blocks; but beyond this no casualty occurred, and the great number of soldiers on board—men belonging to no fewer than 35 regiments—were conveyed safely to the Indian port.

HOME REMITTANCES.

THE following is the weekly memorandum of remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills up to 30th January, 1892 :—

Amount to be remitted during 1891-92	£16,000,000
Remitted from 1st April 1891 to 30th January 1892	£13,539,600
Balance to be remitted from 31st January 1892 to 31st March 1892	£2,460,400

NEWS OF THE DAY.

IN the betting for the Civil Service Cup, Mike and Mite are favourites at 2 to 1 against, 2 to 1 on being the place betting. The last entries closed on Monday at Lucknow. They are, Meg, Pickles, Seabreeze II, Barvo, Mite, Negus, and Kindly Light.

THE condition of the Cuddapah district is becoming critical owing to the want of water, says the local paper, both people and cattle are therefore beginning to suffer. Madanapalle taluk is threatened with a water famine and so also are Badvel and parts of Rayachoti and Vayalpad. Dry crops are withering and have withered in the above taluks and also in Cuddapah, Kadiri and parts of Pulivendla. The only crops that are reported to be in a fair condition are those irrigated from wells and channels. The recent visit of Mr. Clogstoun to the district has resulted in relief works being opened at Kalicherla and Galivedu, but the wages given, which we presume are at famine rates, are considered to be very low. Relief works are also needed at Medanapalle and Vayalpad, as all the wells in the former taluk are dry, and it is reported that such a scarcity of water as is now felt, was never heard of before. Cattle are biginning to suffer not only from want of water, but also from scarcity of fodder, which is difficult to be had in Badvel and is insufficient in Cuddapah, Kadiri, and Rayachoti taluks. The principal food-grains are selling at or above scarcity

and pathology of the diseases most general in these districts, and to indicate the treatment which ought to be followed. The prize is open to the competition of foreigners as well as Belgian subjects.

THE total number of deaths registered in Calcutta during the week ending 23rd January was 309, against 266 and 283 in the two preceeding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 24. There were 16 deaths from cholera, against 14 and 4 in the two preceeding weeks; the number is lower than the average of the past quinquennium by 12. There were no deaths from small-pox during the week, against 1 in the previous week. There were 14 deaths from tetanus against 8 in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 125 and 34 respectively, against 102 and 28 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 34·5 per mille per annum, against 28·2 the mean of the last five years.

IT is not often that a dying man regards his approaching dissolution with the scientific serenity of the venerable Doctor Richet, who was carried off the other day by congestion of the lungs. He was attended by his son, a professor of physiology, and by another medical man, and while ill actually delivered a lecture on the development of his terrible malady, describing its symptoms and detailing its progress with a more than stoical calmness and indifference to his fate. Stranger still, he said that when those who were attending him observed certain signs in the course of the disease his death would be only a matter of a few seconds. His last words were, "You see I am dying!" and it may be said that Dr. Richet predicted the very moment of his death.

A GREAT fire has destroyed the joint warehouses situated under the Midland, North-Eastern, and London and North-Western Railway station at Leeds. Resin, tallow, oil, benzoline, pitch and tar were stored there, and it was impossible to extinguish the flames. The permanent way of the lines above mentioned collapsed, also the railway bridges over the canal, causing a loss of half a million sterling. A fireman fell into the flames, and was burnt alive in the presence of hundreds who were unable to aid him.

TRIALS have been made at Sandy Hook of the new disappearing gun-carriage, invented by Mr. H. A. Spiller, of the South Boston Iron Works, U. S. The carriage is of steel and comes automatically into position as easily as a rifle raised to the shoulder. The recoil is also checked so smoothly that the gun settles down behind the rampart without the least shock. The weight of the carriage is 55 tons, and the full charge of powder used in the gun is 250lbs., which is capable of giving an initial velocity of 1,975ft. per second to a projectile of 575lbs. The breach of the gun is supported from the carriage on two pairs of hinged legs, which are worked by compressed air, so as to lower the gun backward below, or raise it forward above the rampart.

A CURIOUS discovery is that which the revival at the Lyceum has led a clerical play-goer to make. He had noted at the first night of *Henry VIII.* that not a single Roman Catholic cleric was to be seen in the audience, though the personation of Cardinal Wolsey on the stage would necessarily be an interesting event to Catholics. Looking into the subject, he is informed that by a piece of grandmotherly legislation in Cardinal Wiseman's time the English Roman Catholic clergy are prohibited, under pain of excommunication, from witnessing stage-plays at a theatre! In very narrow circles the theatre was regarded as the "devil's house," but that feeling has long ago become obsolete. Obsolete, too, has become Cardinal Wiseman's prohibition to Roman Catholic clergy. It is suggested that Cardinal Wolsey, of the Lyceum, should invite some Catholic dignitaries to the theatre, and there be proclaimed a truce between Church and stage.

THE London correspondent of the *Birmingham Post* writes:—I have just heard of an interesting incident at Osborne which throws a pleasant light upon the home life of the Queen. For two years her Majesty has taken the keenest interest in the welfare of inhabitants of the little village of Whippingham, which is close to Osborne. This interest is illustrated every Christmas in the visit of the children attending village schools to the royal mansion. The children are regaled with a bounteous meal and with the toys which decorate a large Christmas tree that stands in the centre of the servants' hall. The chief feature of this tree is the huge doll which crowns it summit, and which is awarded to the "best girl" attending the school, the judges of the superiority being the children themselves. The fortunate maiden does not, however, receive the doll at once. It is handed over to the care of the mistress, and in May its owner is hailed as May Queen, when she receives the gift, and is honoured with a letter from her Majesty and a visit from Princess Henry of Battenberg.

IT is not only in French farces that husbands are found making complaints of mothers-in-law; according to the evidence of John Bull (a truly English name, which ought at once to enlist our sympathy) he has a mother-in-law, whose ways are peremptory and decisive. Mr. Bull, who is a farmer, had the misfortune to lose his wife, upon which his wife's mother came into the household at once and began—as Mr. Bull's legal adviser expressed it—"to boss the show." The "show" was Mrs. Bull's funeral, and the term seems to have been not altogether ill-chosen. She ordered a coffin at the price of £4, which may be considered necessary; but she also ordered, if Mr. Bull's legal account of the matter may be trusted, sherry and port, besides beef, groceries, a hat, shirt, stockings, and a shroud, amounting altogether to £9. As to the shroud, Mr. Bull alleges that he himself had bought one, but his shroud was rejected. Further, he charged his mother-in-law with setting up a tombstone to her daughter on which she struck out the husband's name. As to the "funeral baked meats"—or rather meat—it was urged that funerals are "a great institution" in the Potteries. The judge confirmed this by citing a funeral within his knowledge at which half a hundred-weight of "currant bread" was consumed. Ultimately Mr. Bull was ordered to pay the bills for the funeral refreshments.

M. MARCELLIN PELLET, the French Consul at Naples, sends to the *Temps* a curious description of a method which is adopted by the workmen in that city for saving up the sum of money which they require for the purpose of laying in a stock of provisions which will enable them to go on eating for twenty-four hours at most without interruption at Christmas and Easter, after having lived so frugally all the rest of the year. Immediately after Easter certain individuals distribute among the workmen prospectuses announcing that in return for a daily payment of ½d., 1d., 1½d., and 2d. from Easter Monday to Dec. 24, he will supply on Christmas Day a series of meals a list of which is given with the prospectus. Thus, for a payment of 1½d. a day the merchant will supply 33lb. of rice, half a cwt. of macaroni, 2lb. of beef, 2lb. of eels, 2lb. of bacon, together with walnuts, filberts, figs, apples, tamatoes, anchovies, gherkins, olives, cheese, and a live turkey, the only kind of liquor included in the "Christmas hamper" being a bottle of the sweet liqueur called "Rosolio." Thus for a payment of 1½d. a day for 5 days, or about 33s., a family will receive nearly 1 cwt. of victuals. The four scales of subscription, ranging from ½d. to 2d., correspond to a total outlay of 11s., 22s., 33s., and 44s., and the subscribers to the fund who have paid their money regularly from Easter Monday to August 15 are entitled to one or more chickens, according to the rate of their subscriptions, for the great *fete* of the Piedegrotta on September 7. In case of any subscriber not being able or disposed to go on with his contributions he does not lose the amount he has already subscribed, the whole of it being returned to him, less about 11d. for the expenses of account-keeping. This system, M. Marcellin Pellet observes, is only injurious to the tavern-keepers, with whom the Neapolitan workmen spend much less than they would if they did not put their money into these funds; but, he adds, it also gives plenty of employment to the chemists, who, on the days following Christmas and Easter, have, to employ the theatrical phrase, "full houses."

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE MAHIM SANDS MURDER.

AT the Criminal Sessions of the High Court yesterday, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Parsons and a special jury, Bhawoo Mahadu was charged with murder in having, on the night of the 10th December last, caused the death of a boy named Enos Shravan, on the sands near the Mahim Causeway. The Hon. Mr. Latham, Advocate-General, with Mr. Raikes, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown, and Mr. Melsheimer defended the prisoner. The undermentioned gentlemen were empannelled on the

SPECIAL JURY.

Mr F C Remington, Foreman
Mr L B Ker — Mr Dinsha Sorabjee Mody
Mr G F Horbury — Mr Phillip B Saville
Mr Anandrao N Vasudeo — Mr H W Uloth
Mr Jamsetjee Ardasir Wadia — Mr A H King

The Advocate-General, in addressing the jury, stated the chief facts of the case. The evidence he intended to call would, he said, deserve their very careful attention, as it was what was known as circumstantial evidence, there being no eye-witnesses of the murder. The main fact on which the case would turn was that the prisoner and the deceased boy were seen together immediately before the commission of the crime. There was no doubt that a murder had been committed, as the manner of the boy's death precluded the possibility of his having committed suicide. The deceased and the prisoner resided in the same part of the town, and on the 10th December last, went to see the balloon ascent at the Victoria Gardens. They were seen together about 4 p.m., and about an hour and a half afterwards went to a shop near the Byculla Bridge, where they partook of refreshments. They then proceeded, it was persumed, by railway to Dadur. About 7 p.m., the same evening, they were seen in a liquor-shop at the latter place; and about 8 p.m., they were seen at a *pan*-shop at Bandora. It was to be supposed that the two then returned to Bombay along the Mahim Causeway; and the next morning the body of the accused was found dead on the sands near the latter place lying near an old canoe. A short distance from the body was noticed a pool of blood and a razor, it being the suggestion of the prosecution that the accused, after committing the crime, had carried the body to the canoe with the intention of throwing the boy into deep water, but finding the canoe was damaged, had left the body on the sands. The razor was subsequently found to have been borrowed by the accused from a barber a day or two before the murder. It was alleged that the prisoner had, directly after the murder, returned by rail from Mahim to Grant Road, and on his way home purchased a piece of soap with which it was stated he washed his blood-stained clothing at a water-pipe. After the boy's body was found, the head nearly severed from the trunk, the police, after making enquiries, arrested the accused, who subsequently produced certain ornaments belonging to the deceased. The police also took possession later on of the prisoner's clothing which was found to be stained with blood. The motive for the crime apparently was the desire to possess the ornaments which the deceased had on his person.

At the close of the evidence for the prosecution, the prisoner, in answer to the judge, said that he partook of liquor at Dadur in company of the deceased and three other men. Becoming giddy, he did not for some time know what then took place; but on coming to his senses he found he was alone, and he then travelled home by rail over the G. I. P. Railway line from Dadur to Musjid Bunder. He denied that he had borrowed a razor from the barber as stated by the witness China; but admitted that he had pawned the deceased's rings with the Marwaree at the deceased's request. Regarding the jewellery found at his house, the prisoner said that, on the police making their first two searches, nothing was found on the premises; but that on their taking him there on the third occasion the jewellery was found, having been placed there by the police who, he alleged, had received bribes in order to get up the case against him. The blood-stained *dhoter* found at his shop was his property, but he did not know how it became stained with blood. None of his clothing was blood-stained.

The Advocate-General summed up the evidence remarking there could be little doubt but that the prisoner was the person who had committed the crime.

Mr. Melsheimer, in addressing the jury for the prisoner, submitted that the case was consistant with the entire innocence of the accused. The learned counsel commented at length upon the evidence, remarking that it was inconclusive and discrepant, and asked the jury to give his client the benefit of the doubt.

His Lordship, in summing up the whole case to the jury, reviewed the evidence and the prisoner's statement made to the Court. The accused had mentioned three men who were, he said, in his company at Dadur, but although he must have been aware of their names, none of them had been called. There was nothing to show how the murder had been committed, but the evidence for the prosecution showed that on the following day the prisoner was arrested, and the property and blood-stained garments were recovered. The accused denied the truth of that evidence, and that of the barber who had stated lent the razor to him. If the jury believed the barber, it was a very strong point against the accused. If the jury believed the evidence for the prosecution, the only possible conclusion they could arrive at would be that the accused was guilty. But if the jury disbelieved the statements made against the prisoner, they must find that there was no case made against him.

The jury, after a short consultation, returned a unanimous verdict of guilty of murder.

His lordship, in passing sentence, said the case was so perfectly clear that there could have been no doubt that the prisoner had killed the boy for the sake of the ornaments which were afterwards found in his possession. He had committed a most henious crime by cutting the boy's throat on the sands at night; and for such an offence there was but one sentence. His lordship then formally passed the sentence of death upon the prisoner.

The Court then adjourned until 10 o'clock this (Friday) morning.

THE ALEXANDRA NATIVE GIRLS' ENGLISH INSTITUTION.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY HARRIS, attended by Captain Cox, paid a visit yesterday (Thursday) to the Alexandra School, and was recieved at the entrance by the President, Mr. C. M. Cursetjee, and Mr. Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama, the Honorary Secretary of the Institution. There were present:—Miss Serene M. Cursetjee, Mrs. C. M. Cursetjee, Mrs. Mainwarring, Mrs. Chapman and Mr. Framjee Bomonjee Master, one of the Directors. Her Excellency carefully inspected the embroidery and needle-work. One piece of embroidery work specially took her Ladyship's fancy, and the young lady who had worked it was asked to be sent for, and her Excellency encouraged her by many complimentary remarks. Her Excellency then critically examined the drawings by the senior students, and suggested that a prize should be given to the girl who should come off best in a general competition by the young ladies from all the schools in Bombay, and that she would move in this matter as she considered drawing so important a study for girls to be encouraged. Her Ladyship was much gratified at the drawings made from models. The excellence of many of the drawings made her Excellency hope that the same had not been much touched up by the drawing master, as she remembered a complaint from a friend of hers who told her, "My girls draw ever so much better at school than at home." One of the young ladies, an aspirant for a prize at the coming competition in Shaksperian recitation under Mr. Miln's auspices, recited the oration from the play of Julius Cæsar. On being informed that there was a competition fixed for Saturday next for a prize in recitation by the young ladies from the schools in Bombay at the Novelty Theatre, and that it would be a great encouragement if Her Excellency could conveniently be present, Lady Harris said that being otherwise engaged at Government House on that day she could not; but having stated that if a competition for such a prize were fixed for Wednesday next at 4-30 p.m. she would make it convenient to be present. Arrangemets will be brought about to suit her Ladyship's convenience. Some of the pupils sang songs which made Her Excellency remark that a marked progress had been made in singing since she last had visited the school, and having expressed a desire to hear a solo song. Miss Mahrbai Murzban gave a song. The sweetness of her singing so impressed her Ladyship that she enquired whether any of the young ladies would sing at her *Café Chantant* at Government House next month. Lady Harris complimented Miss Murzban on her singing, and asked her to request her parents to allow her to sing at Government House next month for the benefit of the Institutions mentioned in our issue of yesterday. Her Excellency was surprised to hear that native ladies were not admitted to take a part in Philharmonic Concerts. Lady Harris was so much gratified with the progress of the school that it would afford her much pleasure, she said, to be present at the distribution of prizes on the 10th March next, and promised to send a prize in needle-work and embroidery to the student who should be selected by the examiners as the best in that branch. After a long visit Lady Harris desired the Lady Superintendent to give the girls a half-holiday, which was accordingly done. Her Excellency left after all the girls had sung "God save the Queen."

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. Justice TELANG.)

CONVICTIONS AND SENTENCES REVERSED.

IMPERATRIX VS. PARVATRAO KALJARAO.

IMPERATRIX VS. ANANT VASUDEO.

IN the first of these cases, the accused appealed from a decision of Mr. C. G. W. Mackpherson, C.I.E., Sessions Judge, Belgaum, who, on the 20th October 1891, convicted the accused of giving false evidence in a judicial proceeding and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 300, with the alternative of eighteen months' further imprisonment. Mr. Ghanesham Nilkant appeared for the accused; and the Goverenment Pleader for the Crown.

In the second case the accused appealed from a decision of the same Judge, who had convicted him of a similar offence and sentenced him to ten years' rigorous imprisonment with a fine of Rs. 1,000, or in defanlt to suffer three years' further imprisonment. Mr. Branson appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in giving the judgment of the court in both cases, said:—We will first dispose of the appeal of Parvatrao which preceded the hearing of that made by Anant Naik, both being heard the same day. The facts in this case are complicated and the conviction is partly based on inferences. The two assessors disbelieve the direct evidence on which the Sessions Judge relies. Amid these difficulties this Court has the advantage of a carefully reasoned judgment of the Court below, which sets forth the evidence fully. It has also been materially assisted, especially in dealing with probabilities and inferences, by the arguments of Mr. Branson for the prisoner appellant and the learned Government Pleader who supported the convictions. Before dealing with the direct testimony which the Judge believes and the assessors do not, we may conveniently state some of the admitted facts and then deal with some important inferences which the Judge has drawn as most in accord with what is probable. It is admitted that the Subordinate Judge of Belgaum had adjourned the suit of one Krishna Bai *vs.* the prisoner some time before the 2nd April 1889 till the 4th of that month in order that the prisoner might produce a list of his property or profits; that the prisoner was in the Court on the 2nd and doubtless knew that the Subordinate Judge was then in ill health. It is found by the Judge, and admitted here, that the Nandgad Post marks on the two envelopes N and P, the two post certificates H and J, and the post card K are not distinguishable from genuine impressions. The learned Judge gives some reasons derived from consideration of the contents of the letters M and O which purport to be written by the prisoner at Nandgad on the 3rd and 4th April to Govind Bhat and of the contents of Govind Bhat's reply the post card K for suspecting that the letters are fabrications made to prove that the prisoner was at Nandgad on the 4th, this being his defence of *alibi* in the trial of the charge of criminal intimidation made against him by the complainant. On careful consideration we are unable to take the same view as the learned Judge. We see nothing in this correspondence incompatible with the theory of the defence. It has been argued here that the prisoner would not have absented himself from Court on the 4th April as his self interest required his attendance. But it is well known that litigants often seek postponements; and instances often occur of a party not attending on the day fixed leaving it to his pleader to make some excuse, which often is like the following: "My client thought the Judge was ill or would not take up his case, so he has not come and I cannot go on." We can hardly assume as an antecedent probability that the prisoner would be in Belgaum on the 4th. To the argument of the Judge that the complainant would not select a date when the prisoner was at Nandgad as the date of his committing the criminal intimidation at Belgaum, it is sufficient to remark that it does not appear on the record that the complainant knew about the prisoner's movements, and our experience of the way false charges are made induces us to agree with Mr. Branson, that the maker of a false charge of an offence at Belgaum would naturally select some such date as one fixed by a Court in a suit for the attendance of the accused guessing that the complainant might plausibly argue, as has been argued here, that it was probable to all minds that the prisoner, the person summoned, would attend at Belgaum according to order. The learned Judge believes the Post-master of Nandgad to be right in his recollection that he never issued the postal certificates H. and J. for the two letters: one reason given by that witness is that he interpreted a postal rule so as to refuse certificates for letters so addressed. But the Assessors do not believe him. It is also admitted that a true interpretation of the rule would not have required him to refuse certificates; and there is evidence pointing to the fact that the alleged interpretation was not adhered to. We decline therefore to treat the Post-master's statement as proof of the due course of business. The views we have expressed on the above matters must logically affect the view to be taken by a Court of Justice of much of the other evidence. We now turn to the Post marks stamped on the two letters and the post-card at the Khare Bazaar Post Office in Belgaum. We have examined these and compared them with the impressions made in the Post Office Impression Book on the days in question, and with admitted impressions stamped on other papers passing through that Post Office for the same delivery on those days. We agree with the statements of the Judge as to the differences in the impressions of the three suspected papers when compared with the impressions proved and admitted. The fact is certainly a reason for suspicion. But in the present case another important fact has to be borne in mind. The stamp in use in the beginning of April 1889 was in such bad order that it was sent away to Bombay as useless about the end of that month. The screw which kept the type in place was loose. It seems obvious that as the day went on and a multitude of impressions were made the type might shift. Thus some variations might be produced; and again other variations might occur if the user of the stamp in order to put it right, where, as he naturally would, to re-arrange the type. Points like these are not left unnoticed by the Judge. They weaken the presumption usually arising from the due course of business. In this state of the facts it behoved the prosecution to produce the original stamp with the infirm screw so that the Judge and Assessors might see how it worked. It was for the prosecution to prove that the suspicious marks on the letters could not be produced by that stamp when the screw got loose. No explanation appears for the stamp not being produced. The omission is more serious as the prosecution decline to say whether the prisoner used the Post Office stamp or made and used a stamp of his own. The latter hypothesis seems improbable, firstly as there was hardly time to forge a die between the issue of summons and the filing of the paper in Mr. Anding's Court; secondly, as it was not worth the prisoner's while to commit so serious a crime in order to defend himself from a trivial charge. All the above considerations induce us to approach the direct evidence with the utmost caution. For this attitude moreover there are independent reasons. The complainant and the prisoner are opposed in litigation. It is easy to trump up a charge of intimidation, all that is required being to put words into the accused's mouth. The Assessors disbelieve the complainant. The Judge throws out a hint that he may have invented or exaggerated the threat. It appears also that he kept silent till the next day. One of the two witnesses is the religious begger who is casually on the spot; and here we may state as the result of experience that this sort of witness is often false and suborned. There remain the two pleaders who say they observed the prisoners in the Subordinate Judge's Court that day. It is not easy to know what value to give to their oral testimony. It does not appear that they had any special reason for noting and remembering that the prisoner was in the Court on the particular day, and here all depends on accurate recollection of the day. Against their evidence we have the letters posted apparently from Nandgad and also the testimony of the Court Clerk and the pleader then employed by the prisoner, which go far to throw doubt on the assertions that the prisoner attended the Court on the 4th April or that he was in Belgaum that day. There are also the depositions of Anant Naik and Ganesh Wasudev, which for some reasons were filed and used as evidence by the prosecution. We think therefore it cannot be safely held as the result of the direct evidence that the prisoner was not at Nandgad at the time. While thus differing with the learned judge, who had the witnesses before him, we have less hesitation in so doing because the estimation he put on their testimony was influenced, as ours is too, by the view taken of the other matters and the probabilities. For these reasons we reverse the convictions and sentences passed on Parvatrao and acquit him. Turning to the other appeal, that of Anant Vasudev, where the judge and assessors agreed, we come to the same conclusion and pass the same order. The main issue was similar and so were the evidence and the arguments. The judgment below passed in his case expressly adopts the reasoning in Parvatrao's case and at the hearing of the appeal the arguments of Mr. Branson were expressed and adopted by Mr. Pirozshaw Mehta, Counsel for the prisoner, and the Government Pleader used the same arguments as in Parvatrao's appeal.

THE budget statement will probably be issued between the 18th and 26th of March. It is not likely to be presented to Council, as there is no legislation in prospect. High military expenditure and low exchange make the task of securing equilibrium difficult; and if there should be in addition a famine during the year on which we are entering, the financial position will be aggravated.

THE IMPERIAL DIAMOND CASE.

In the High Court of Calcutta, on Monday, the Imperial Diamond case came up before Mr. Justice Trevelyan. There were two rules to be considered in connection with the civil action entered by the Nizam against Mr. Jacob. A rule calling upon the defendant to show cause why an injunction should not issue restraining him from dealing with the Imperial Diamond, or with a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 now in the Bank of Bengal, and an *ad interim* injunction, were granted by the Court on the 22nd December last. The Advocate General and Mr. Dunne now appeared in support of the rule, and Mr. Pugh (with him Mr. Hill and Mr. Garth) now appeared to show cause.

Mr. Pugh said there was also an application on the part of defendant that the case be struck off the list. Mr. Pugh said he was not prepared to go on with the rule.

The Advocate General opposed any further postponement.

Mr. Pugh,—"I have an affidavit showing the impossibility of our going on now, and the causes that have produced it." Mr. Pugh then read an affidavit, which stated that the defendant's leading counsel were not prepared, owing to the Dacca Bribery Case, which only finished last Monday; that Mr. Garth could not finish the rough draft of defendant's affidavit until 7 P.M. on Friday, the 29th ultimo, and that owing to the necessary consultation between the senior counsel, the engrossing could not be done in time for to-day.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan.—Am I, on these affidavits, to try the matters at issue?

Mr. Pugh.—The issues are very simple.

His Lordship.—The Advocate General cannot attend after this week, and in this week there are only to-day, Tuesday and Friday, as Wednesday and Thursday are holidays. Because your counsel have had a great deal to do, you want to force the other side to give up their senior counsel.

Mr. Pugh.—By no means.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan.—If you like I will postpone the hearing of the rule until the hearing of the suit. The arrangement made on the 22nd December last was distinctly that you were to be ready by the time then agreed, and it was one of those arrangements that are intended never to be broken under any circumstances.

The Advocate-General—There was a distinct understanding to that effect.

Mr. Pugh, after consulting Mr. Geddes, solicitor for Mr. Jacob, told the Court that he would leave the matter in his Lordship's hands.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan, after stating that there could be no doubt the matter was a heavy one, and the affidavits most voluminous, said the Advocate General's consent to let the matter stand over till to-day had been a generous one. A long time had been given by him originally, and he had allowed another ten days' further, for the other side to come in. "It appears" added his Lordship "that the affidavits on Friday night were completely settled by Mr. Hill, but that in consequence of there being the necessity of a consultation with him and Mr. Pugh the engrossment of these affidavits has not been done.

Now the rule has come on, and having regard to the compact, the care that was taken to right everything on the last occasion, and the length of time which has elapased since the matter last came before me, it is clear that if I ever refuse a postponement I must do so in this case. There must be some limit in cases of this kind, and although in my experience counsel at this bar do consult the convenience one of another, yet, when it is a case of antagonism of convenience, I think it is right to deal with the matter strictly, and the rule must go on.

The hearing of the rule was then proceeded with.

Mr. Pugh argued that the plaint should be presented in the first instance and thus the injunction would follow.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan said it frequently happened that an application for an injunction was made at the time the plaint was presented. In 90 cases out of 91 this was done.

Mr. Pugh said he was not prepared to admit that, and cited two rulings in the English law reports which he argued supported his contention. He would not have troubled the Court with the matter at all, except for the reason that he was desirous it should not be supposed he was giving up the ground upon which his client stood.

His Lordship.—It is just that position which caused me to make the suggestion which you thought I was not making seriously. I suggested that the rule should stand over. I think I may say that I have gathered my knowledge of the case entirely from the affidavits before me. I may tell you that I did not read the case either when it was before the Magistrate or at the Sessions. I take it, the whole thing hangs upon a question of trust entirely, and as to whether twenty three lakhs of rupees are to be paid for the diamond. Certainly the plaint as presented is that the right to the stone ends in a trust.

Mr. Pugh.—That is the point.

His Lordship.—And you deny the trust.

Mr. Pugh.—Yes, altogether. After what has fallen from your lordship we have no objection to let it stand over.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan (To Sir Charles Paul):—You cannot be prejudiced by it.

The Advocate General.—Certainly not. (To Mr. Pugh) I will go further, and if you like, if you give up twenty three lakhs, you can have the stone and sell it.

His Lordship (To Mr. Pugh).—Then it can be altered to this extent, that if at any time before the hearing of the suit you place in the bank of Bengal the sum of twenty three lakhs of rupees, then the diamond will be handed out to you, and that, except as to that twenty three lakhs of rupees remaining in the bank to the credit of the cause, in all other respects the order drops.

Mr. Pugh.—No, I do not wish to consent to any such terms.

The Advocate General.—Then there the matter drops.

Mr. Pugh.—There is no statement in the affidavits that there is any danger, and that being the case, I have no wish that they should get possession of the diamond.

Eventually, by consent, the rule stood over till the hearing, it being understood that the defendant did not accept any statements under which it was granted, and reserved to himself the right to contest any or either of them, as advised at the hearing. The costs of rule to be costs in the cause.

The other rule then came on for hearing. It was one bearing on the question of the verification of the plaint in the civil case.

The Advocate General argued that all that could be done was to return the plaint for amendment. It could not be rejected.

Mr. Pugh, in support of the rule, said he did not want to press the rejection of the plaint, but he would be satisfied if it was verified by the real party interested, instead of by one who merely said that he had attended the Court and knew the facts from his own personal knowledge and on "information and belief." The Nizam should have signed and verified the plaint himself, for he had no objection in the criminal proceedings to be examined on Commission. How could the Nizam refuse to sign his name, and show that the suit is being conducted by and under his express sanction? It was not right to allow any man to shelter himself behind his rank, and thereby object to take upon himself the burden which every other litigant had to take.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan gave the following decision:—"This is an application to take off the file a plaint, on the ground that it is not properly verified. I do not think I need go into the matter in detail. The actual verification is in the form which is always adopted in this Court. In spite of the suggestions made by learned Judges, Chief Justice Garth, and Mr. Justice Broughton, in a case reported from the Calcutta High Court, I may say that the omission to file an affidavit was an irregularity, but am also equally sure that such irregularity has been completely cured by the affidavit now before me. Mr. Pugh has pressed before me the necessity of forcing the Nizam to put his signature to the plaint, but I do not think the considerations which he has urged carry the matter any further than the considerations upon which I was pressed to issue a rule, which I refused. The law permits the Government of India to nominate persons to act for Sovereign Princes, and, having regard to the law, I do not think it right for me to put upon Sovereign Princes the performance of acts which the legislature of this country excuses them from performing. The rule must be discharged, and under the circumstances the costs of it will be costs in the cause.

Holloway's Pills.—The ills of life are increased tenfold by the mode of life so many have to lead; most especially is this the case amongst the toilers in our factories and huge workshops of the manufacturing districts, whose digestions become impaired and nervous systems debilitated by the protracted confinement and enforced deprivation of healthy out-of-door exercise. The factory workers may almost be said to have diseases of their own, readily amenable, however, to treatment if not allowed to proceed unchecked. Holloway's Pills are the most effectual remedy ever discovered for the cure of liver and stomach complaints, as they act surely but gently, regulating the secrations without weakening the nerves or interfering with the daily work.

SENSATIONAL DIVE AT CALCUTTA.

ABOUT fifty or sixty gentlemen assembled on the Hoogly Bridge, Calcutta, on Friday morning to see Mr. W. B. Crouch, the bookmaker, make a sensational dive. Mr. Crouch has the reputation of being an expert swimmer, and the dive was the result of a wager—a local sportman having bet Rs. 500 that he would not dive from the centre of the Bridge between 9 and 10 o'clock. Mr. Crouch arrived on the Bridge shortly after 9 a.m. Seeing that he was determined to take the leap, the gentleman who laid the wager offered to forfeit half if he would not make the attempt, but Mr. Crouch would not be dissuaded. Some police officers then intervened, saying that they could not permit Mr. Crouch to make the dive unless he could first get official permission to do so. Mr. Crouch, in order to throw the policemen off their guard, nodded assent to all they told him; but getting into his garri he undressed and put on a red and blue French bathing suit. Waiting his opportunity he quickly emerged from the garri, and, getting on to the outside parapet of the Bridge, he dived off—it is estimated from a height of 29 feet. He never seems to have deviated in the least degree in his descent, and striking the water he re-appeared instantly, the spectators from the Bridge cheering him enthusiastically. The current, which was running a fast ebb at the time carried him about 40 yards away from the Bridge, but immediately on re-appearing he lay on his back and did some fancy swimming, being picked up shortly afterwards by Mrs. Crouch, who had put out in a dingy for the purpose. Mr. Crouch then returned to the Bridge, where he received another ovation, and having dressed drove home, saying that he had enjoyed the bath immensely, and had never won money so easily in his life. Later on he called on the Commissioner of Police, and left the sum of Rs. 100 from the wager as his contribution to the Little Sisters of the Poor. Mrs. Crouch is also a splendid swimmer, and never entertained the least doubt that her husband would accomplish the dive successfully.

THE RISING IN PAHANG.

THE *Straits Times* of January 19 says:—The steamer Perse arrived at Singapore from Pahang this morning. At the Kuala everything seems quiet and much the same as usual except that there is a general wondering as to how things are progressing up-country. The Malays at the Kuala appear to take but little interest in the rising and care less which way events may turn. The body of one of the Sikhs, who were supposed to be drowned during the Desborough—Townson—Temerloh incident, has been recovered, but so far no traces have been seen of the other. Mr. and Mrs. Walker have gone up *via* the river route to go to Raub, and the last that was heard of them was that they had both safely arrived at Kuala Lipis. Mrs. Walker is not the least afraid of the Malays, quite the reverse as she has been heard to say that she would not mind shouldering a rifle for defence. Mrs. Walker was the only woman who remained at Pekan after the exodus to the Kuala on the receipt of news of the outbreak. The floods are causing a lot of trouble in Pahang, especially down the river way, where the whole country is inundated. Pekan is under water, and it is possible to take a boat from Mr. Hole's floating residence and go right across the river and get out of the boat at the doors of the residency.

From one of our correspondents at Kuala Lumpor we learn by mail that the 7 pounder gun, which was being sent to the front, had become stuck in the mud somewhere between Sarendah and Kuala Kubu. It was anticipated, however, that with the assistance of three or four ponies which should have reached the gun on Monday night (12th instant) that there would be very little difficulty experienced in extricating the gun and pushing forward to join the front forces at Bentong. The direct route from Kuala Lumpor to Bentong is stated by our correspondent to be occupied by the *Orang Kayah's* men. The friendly *Penghulu* in charge of the stockade at Ginting Simpah having reported that he was in difficulty and required assistance, a detachment of Sikhs were marched off on Monday morning to strengthen the position. (Since then, as our readers have seen by telegram the pass had been, or was being, cleared) Mr. Hutchinson (Becher, Louis and Co.) was leaving on Monday afternoon for Bentong. Twelve post-carriers have been dispatched to Tras in order to carry messages from the front to Tras for transmission by wire to the town-ship and other places. Dr. Travers has started for Pahang, and he will probably go on to assist the forces in the front. A rocket apparatus for signalling and other purposes has been sent up in charge of Lieut. Symes. Mr. Baxendale was to start yesterday (Tuesday) for Tras to superintend the construction of a field telegraph line from Thras to the front, which, when completed, will considerably accelerate communication between the different points.

This morning the Colonial Government received reports from Mr. Rodger dated from the commencement of the rising to the 9th instant. The reports were brought by the Perse *via* Pekin. A part of these reports has already appeared in the *Straits Times* for it was given to the public by H. E. the Governor on the occasion of the last Legislative Council Meeting, when H. E. replied to a question on the subject by Mr. Shelford. The reports set forth at length that there is a necessary delay in taking any decisive action on account of the whole district being flooded, so that it is almost impossible to get forward. Mr. Clifford, who with his force had managed to get up the Semantan River, has found it necessary to fall back on Temerloh. This step has been taken on account of the flooded condition of the district impending progress in every direction. The Sultan has issued proclamations under his *chop*, which have been sent up into the Semantan district, ordering the people not to obey the *Orang Kayah* and even to arrest him, and also to arrest those people who fired on the magistrate. The Sultan has sent all, or practically all, of his Chiefs to assist Mr. Clifford. But the Sultan has not been down to Temerloh yet; he is going down, though if it is in any way easy. Mr. Rodger had taken a run down to Pekan and was going back the day he wrote.

JUDGES ON THE "LEGAL CONSCIENCE."

THE discussion on the "Legal Conscience" waxes both in the columns of the *Times* and outside them. Great interest attaches to what barristers and solicitors have to say concerning the division of responsibilities between them; but since so much depends on the way in which the system is administered it would be more interesting still to get at the opinions of the judges. But this, for obvious reasons, it is not easy to do. The present discussion has centred particularly in the conduct of two specific cases; and it would hardly do for judges, except in their judicial capacity and in their own courts, to pronounce on either side of a discussion thus narrowed to a personal issue. And then, besides this personal aspect as regards the counsel or solicitors who have been impugned, there is a difficulty as regards the etiquette which governs judges themselves. The proper feeling which leads our High Court judges to leave matters of general public controversy to the general public is so rooted that it sometimes prevents them even from pronouncing on matters which are obviously their business and on which nobody else is so competent to pronounce. As a well-known and popular judge puts it in a letter, from which we may perhaps be allowed to quote just so much, these matters "are not unlikely to come before a member of the bench in his official position, and it would be embarrassing if a particular judge was supposed to have already made up his mind."

Bearing these difficulties in view, and confining ourselves, therefore, to the general aspect of the discussion, we have applied to a few selected representatives of the bench and have obtained from them some expressions of opinion which have the weight of authority behind them. The words of the Lord Chief Justice speak for themselves as do those which we are enabled to print from one of the most eminent of our "law lords," who is especially distinguished for the dignity and impartiality with which he has always presided over cases of the difficult kind now on the tapis. But since this is a matter which concerns not only the High Courts, but which is of at least equal importance in the daily round over which Country Court judges are called to preside, we have also appealed to Mr. Commissioner Kerr, whose opinion is specially valuable from the almost unique all-round experience of the City of London Court, and from his well-known and punctilious regard for professional etiquette in its best sense.

From the eminent authority whom we have named second we have received the following interesting letter:—

"Sir,—In answer to your inquiries as to cross-examination, I have to say that I do not consider the present system open to the objection that witnesses and persons unconnected with the suit are insufficiently protected. The judge has full power to stop cross-examination which he considers is irrelevant to the inquiry before him. The difficulty is to see clearly what may prove relevant. The character of the witnesses is an important element in considering whether their statements are to be believed or not and this can only be ascertained by cross-examination. It is undoubtedly the duty of the judge to stop cross-examination which he sees is pursued for any other purpose than to get at the truth of the matter in dispute, and he may by judicious observations make the counsel who unduly persists feel that he is prejudicing his case with the jury.

2. I do not think that the distribution of responsibility between counsel and solicitors affects the matter. Neither the barrister nor the solicitor can try beforehand the truth of the statements made to them, which become the subject of cross-examination. The propriety of putting offensive question must be judged of by the circumstances of the particular case. It is a very serious responsibility, which is exercised by some counsel with conspicuous good taste and good feeling, and such men have their reward in the confidence with which they inspite judge and jury. Others, unhappily, use their power in a cruel manner. I do not think they are so successful as their more conscientious rivals; but, unfortunately, they are popular, as they gratify a base feeling which makes some people enjoy seeing witness worried. In a sentence, our system is not in fault; it depends on the good feelings of counsel and the firmness of the judges to make it work well.

3. I am strongly in favour of the amalgamation of the two branches in this sense, that there should be a special examination to qualify for admission to each, and that it should be open to a man who has proved his fitness to practise either as a barrister or solicitor, or as both, to do so."

It will be seen that while the letter clearly reflects what one might expect to be the feeling of a strong judge who was always noted in his own court for seeing fair play, it no

PURE PERSONALITIES.

SIR WILLIAM COPE, who died recently at the age of eighty, could have indulged small expectation of succeeding to the family title and estates. He served originally in the Army; afterwards taking Orders, he held small clerical appointments, such as the chaplaincy of Westminster Hospital and a minor canonry at the neighbouring Abbey. In 1851 his remote kinsman, Sir John Cope, unexpectedly died, and at the age of forty he became the possessor of estates in five counties, and one of the most interesting houses in the kingdom. Bramshill House stands on an eminence on the borders of Hants and Berks, and is one of the finest specimens extant of Jacobean architecture. The apartments are extremely large, and are full of beautiful things. The late Baronet was a close friend of Cardinal Newman, although he declined to follow him Romewards; in the Long Gallery at Bramshill there is a remarkable collection of portraits and *personalia* of the late Cardinal. To this fine property and the title Major Anthony Cope, of the Rifle Brigade, is heir, his elder brother, who was Secretary of Legation at Stockholm, having died some three years ago. Bramshill is in the parish of Eversley, of which Charles Kingsley was rector.

The late Mr. Frederick Leyland, who died in underground railway the other day was extremely well known in mercantile circles, both in London and Liverpool, having entered the firm of which he ultimately became the head as an office boy at the age of thirteen. He is likely to be best remembered by the patronage he gave, in a lavish degree, to a particular school of art, which was represented among the ancients by Botticelli, and among moderns by Rossetti, Burne-Jones, and the earlier pre-Raphaelites; also by Mr. Whistler, whose famous Peacock Room was painted for Mr. Leyland in his house at Prince's Gate. The story of that undertaking is part and parcel of the art history of our times, as is that of the quarrel between artist and patron, and the terrible revenge taken by the former thereupon. He had a very fine musical taste. There is considerable speculation as to the destiny of the remarkable collection of paintings with which Mr. Leyland surrounded himself. No such collection has been dispersed since that of the late Mr. William Graham, which rivalled it in interest.

Bishop Philpott, now dead, was without exception the most popular man in his crowded diocese. Everywhere when his name was uttered admiration of his character was expressed, and rare indeed was a carping criticism or unkind comment heard. As he was known in his diocese during the later years of his life, the Bishop was wofully thin and emaciated. His gaunt, haggard figure, plodding patiently to and fro in the streets of any of the towns of Worcestershire, was sure of recognition as much for this peculiarity as because of the devotion of his flock to the study of clerical *personnel*. Dr. Philpott's devotion to his blind wife was as touching as any incident of the kind ever recorded. It was the aim of his life to diminish by every gentle office and tender consideration the great burden of her infirmity. Occasionally she would appear in public at prize-givings or village fêtes; and then it was pathetic to see the aged Bishop leading her forward on the platform, placing the prizes in her hand, and guiding that hand in the direction of the winner, for whom she always had a smile and a word of encouragement.

Before M. de Maupassant took to injecting morphia into his system, following this up by absorbing ether, he was a steady, regular worker. He had had some training in punctual and methodical habits in a Government office, and after adopting literature as a profession he was accustomed to spend his entire day in writing, just like any clerkly scribe. His door generally remained closed to friends and acquaintances till five p.m., when three or four *camarades* would call on him and remain chatting and smoking in his rooms till it was time to go and dine at a neighbouring restaurant. More recently M. de Maupassant got among the duchesses. His family being a very old one, with a highly creditable record in Norman history, he had only to knock for the doors of the Faubourg St. Germain *salons* to be promptly opened to him. He soon tired, however, of what the Parisians call "le hig lif," and, in fact, he remarked to a friend that he had only desired to have some experience of it for literary purposes. He was a "chiel" among the dowagers taking notes.

It is satisfactory to learn that Dr. Blanche speaks hopefully of M. de Maupassant's case. Dr. Blanche is, without doubt, the most eminent specialist in lunacy in France, and has had an experience of over half a century in dealing with mental disorders. He is now more than eighty years of age, but is still hale and hearty and in full possession of his vigorous intellect. Of a most courteous disposition and gentle nature, he possesses in a high degree the art of calming and winning the confidence of the most refractory patients. He speaks English well, but not so perfectly as his son, who is a veritable anglomaniac, and has a *pavillon* of his own, in the grounds of his father's handsome mansion at Auteuil, which is entirely fitted and furnished in the English style. M. Blanche, junior, is one of the rising French portrait painters. He has already obtained numerous recompenses at the salons, and has also exhibited successfully in London.

Mr. Lawrence Irving, whose unfortunate injury has aroused so much sympathy, both on his own behalf and on that of his distinguished father, is a godson of Mr. J. L. Toole, from whom he derives his Christian name. With his elder brother, Henry, now playing at the Garrick Theatre, he was educated at Marlborough; but the younger brother did not accompany the elder to Oxford. At the close of his public school career he travelled for some time on the Continent, chiefly in Russia, it being his father's wish that he should qualify himself to enter the Diplomatic Service, the other son being destined by him for the Bar. In neither case have the intentions of the eminent actor been realised. To both lads the fascination of their father's profession—and probably of his unbounded success—proved too strong to resist, and one after the other they have followed his example, and devoted themselves to a stage career. Young Lawrence Irving, like his brother, is an actor of decided promise, and even more strongly resembles his father.

Five years ago who would have imagined that Mrs. Besant would one day be eulogised by a leading London Jesuit? The Rev. R. F. Clarke, S.J., who will be remembered as having initiated the controversy on Mr. Calderon's picture "The Renunciation of St. Elizabeth of Hungary," writes on Theosophy in the current number of the *Month*, the literary mouthpiece of the Society of Jesus in England. Further Clarke says the Theosophist system contains much that is true, and adds that the mere fact of a woman of Mrs. Besant's large heart and great ability having joined its ranks entitles it to careful consideration. In the February number of the *Month*, Father Clarke will give his full judgment on Theosophy.

The late Khedive possessed, to a rare degree, the faculty of remembering faces, and of distinguishing their nationality. His usual drive, on Sunday afternoons during the winter season at Cairo, was along the Shoubra-rd., where his English victoria, surrounded by outriders and equerries in blue and crimson, was eagerly looked for in the gay procession of equipages. On one occasion, an eminent engineer was accompanied in his Sunday drive by a fair transatlantic visitor, and passing the Royal cortège he received the usual courteous recognition. A month later, at a reception in the Abdin Palace, the Khedive referred to "La Belle Americaine," and asked her name.

The late John Cashel Hoey had a remarkably intimate acquaintance with Australian affairs, considering that he had never voyaged to the Antipodes. For the past twenty years he had filled the important post of secretary to the London Agency for the Colony of Victoria, and with the easy adaptability of the Irishman to his environment he had rapidly become a thorough Australian in knowledge and sentiment. Most of the articles on Australian affairs that have appeared in the *Spectator* during the past two decades were from his pen. His widow, the well-known novelist, has long been a leading reviewer for the same journal.

Some of the papers have referred to the late Mr Hoey as a leader of the Young Ireland Party, but that is entirely a mistake. He was only nineteen years of age when the Young Ireland movement collapsed. As a matter of fact, he never had any active connection with Irish politics. In 1852 he helped Sir Gavan Duffy to revive the suppressed Dublin *Nation*, and he remained connected with that journal until Duffy emigrated to Melbourne. When the latter became Premier of Victoria he appointed Mr. Hoey to the office just mentioned, a nomination that evoked a no-confidence motion, which was defeated, mainly by the masterly and eloquent speech of Duffy in his own defence.

The latest information from Naples with regard to the so-called Miss Wellesley is to the effect that her full name was Hulda Pauline Welzel, and she came from Berlin in the fifties to act as German governess in a gentleman's family at Leeds, where she spent several years. Among her other experiences she was ship-wrecked going out to Mexico with a diplomatist's family, and, according to her own statement, was bitten by a scorpion in Russia. In truth, Hulda Welzel was somewhat of a rolling stone, and in her youth was not uncomely of aspect. Her romantic life has had a grimly tragic close.

Melbourne, as we all know, is the native city of Madame Melba. Yet it never occurred to the managers of the local Tussaud's to immortalise her in wax so long as she was merely a prima donna of Eastern reputation. But her new character of respondent in a princely divorce case has completely altered the situation.

NOTICES.

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Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

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IMPROVED
PULLEY BRACE,
NOT CROSSED AT THE BACK.
THE ONLY CORRECT PRINCIPLE.
Supports the Back. Developes the Chest.
Perfect Freedom with any position of the body.

IMPORTANT.

THE back straps, by a patented arrangement, can be moved (vertically) to any position upon the back, high or low, to suit comfort of wearer, also lengthened or shortened (horizontally) to suit the distance between the back buttons of the Trousers.

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RETAIL of all Hosiers and Outfitters.
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TONIC ANALEPTIC INVIGORATING.

WITH QUINA ESSENCE OF MEAT. PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

The most agreeable and energetic Tonic for Convalescents, Aged People, Females, Weakly Children, and all Delicate Persons.

Absolutely indispensable for the formation and development of muscular flesh, and the osseous system.

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ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT POTASH
COOLING! INVIGORATING! APPETISING

Sims Reeves says:—*This preparation is a great boon, simple, refreshing and efficacious. Prevents and cures Indigestion. A natural Tonic and most pleasant drink.*"

Mdme. Marie Roze (The renowned Singer) says:—"*I have used your Effervescent Potash with remarkable results. It is really wonderful. It purifies the blood and preserves the beautiful bloom of youth.*"

A positive relief and cure for

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Full directions on each bottle.

Taken as an aperient two tea-spoonfuls in a tumbler of water (tepid) will be found mild, effective, and agreeable, and lasting without force or strain unlike the effect of a dose of Pills.

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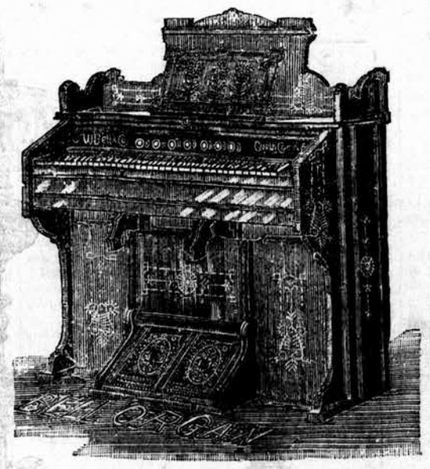

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Length 3 ft. 8 in.
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With seven stops, Rs. 350.

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Height 5 ft. 1 in.
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Seven stops, Rs. 295; ten stops, Rs. 325.

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Each instrument is of "Five Octave Compass" with Double knee Swell, Vox Humana, and is fitted with the Bell Organ Company, Limited's new "Patent Reeds."

The improvements and patents of the "Bell Organ Company, Ld.," have placed their instruments in a position far ahead of any ordinary Organ or Harmonium, giving them a quality and fullness of tone equal to most Organs of much greater size and consequently greater cost.

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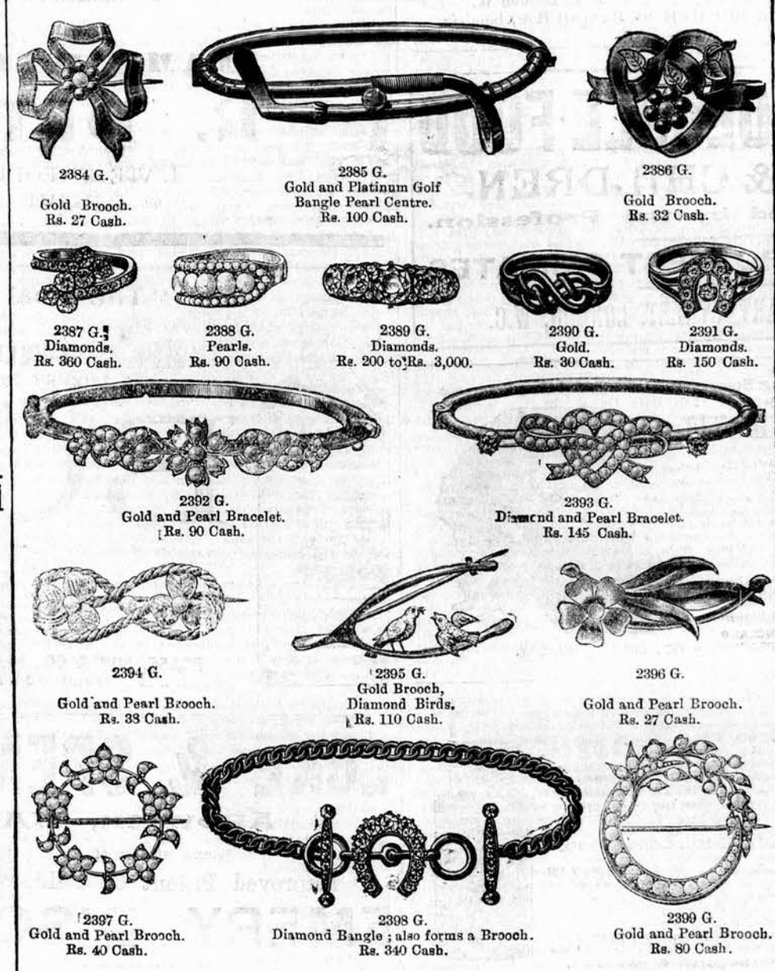

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REJECT SUBSTITUTES
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EXTRA STOUT.

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is specially brewed to meet the public taste for light beers.

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only requires to be known to become as popular as Allsopp's Pale Ale.

ALLSOPP'S Sole Agents for Bottled Beers in India, specially brewed for India and specially bottled by the Company, are—

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FOR FARM HARNESS.

HARNESS LIQUID
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POLISHING PASTE
FOR CLEANING METALS & GLASS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,
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AVOID IMPURE WATER!!!
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For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.
It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.
Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

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ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
Is the only Preparation recognized by the Faculty as a wonderful
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A LITTLE TAKEN DAILY IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE OF ILLNESS.

INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

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Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers in Small, Medium, and Large Bottles.

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BOMBAY, 4th Feb., 1891.

MR. BURGESS, DEAR SIR,

I have much pleasure in sending you a voluntary testimonial from the East. I have been suffering for 7 years from a wound in the shin, through a bullet wound in the last Chilian war with Peru; also with Eczema in my left hand, caused by acid, called Sulphuric Acid, burning the nails and flesh clean to the bone.

I have tried every cure to no effect, until a friend of mine begged of me to try your Ointment and Pills; I was disheartened of trying; being a poor man, my means were exhausted, not being able to attend to my work proper for 6 years.

I tried 1 Box of Pills and 1 Box of Ointment, when to my surprise I found a wonderful alteration in my hand and leg. Not having means, I borrowed, and sent for more, and wonderful to relate, in 3 months I am as whole as the day I was born.

Dear Sir, I think it my duty to reveal this cure to the known world; I would not be doing my duty if I concealed the benefit I have received from your wonderful remedies. I am working at present for Messrs. Walsh, Lovett, Mitchell and Co., Contractors, Bombay, and will prove this statement to anyone doubting this testimonial.

Hoping you will show this to the world's long sufferers,
I remain yours ever grateful, WM. PRETTYJOHNS.
Native of Dartmouth, Devonshire, England.

Ulcers, Abscesses Cancers, Tumours, Polypuses, Piles, Bad Legs, Old and Poisoned Wounds, including dog, insect, and other bites, stings, and every form of Eruption and Skin Disease, Eczema, Psoriasis, &c., effectually cured by the LION OINTMENT & PILLS.

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SANTAL-MIDY entirely different from the santal oil of the Indian Bazars, is superior to Copaiba, Cubebs or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY cures all derangements of the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small round Capsules, each of which bears the name..... (MIDY) in black letters, without which none are genuine.

SANTAL-MIDY Beware of imitations, all other Capsules or mixtures contain impurities, resins, oils &c. and are worse than useless.

SANTAL-MIDY is sold by all druggists and medicine dealers throughout the world.

PARIS, 8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP OF HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST

All suffering from **Catarrh, Consumption, Obstinate Coughs or Colds** and those affected with diseases of the **Chest, Lungs** and **Bronchial Tubes,** should take

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP of HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

Prescribed by the leading medical authorities in all countries for the last twenty-five years with the greatest success, it continues to retain its reputation where all other medecines have failed.

Grimault's Syrup immediately arrests the **Cough,** Spitting of blood and **Nightsweats,** and the **Appetite** improves rapidly—a fact soon demonstrated by an increase of weight and healthy appearance.

Grimault's Syrup has a rose colour, and is sold in flat oval bottles. **Beware of Imitations.**

GRIMAULT & Co, Paris. Sold by all Chemists

CHAPOTEAUT'S MORRHUOL

THE CURATIVE ACTIVE PRINCIPLES EXTRACTED FROM **COD LIVER OIL**

NO TASTE OR SMELL

MORRHUOL is much more prompt in its action than Cod Liver Oil in the treatment of Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Pains in the Chest, Sore Throats, and Asthma.

MORRHUOL restores the health of pale weakly people, *without appetite,* and those afflicted with Skin diseases, Scrofula, Scabs, sores in the ears, sore eyes, and inherited lymphatic temperaments

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« **MORRHUOL** represents the medicinal « part of Cod Liver Oil, it modifies « rapidly the general state of the patient, and develops the appetite in a « most extraordinary manner. Consumptive patients experience a feeling of well-being, eat and digest « easily, and sleep soundly.

« D^r GAY, *Gazette des Hôpitaux.* »

From *The Lancet March,* 12th, 1887.

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Sold in phials of 100 Morrhuol pearls, each of which is equal to a teaspoonful of oil.

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Chapoteaut's PEPSINE PEARLS

for

SICK HEADACHES
WIND IN THE STOMACH
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CONSTIPATION
INDIGESTION

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS

Contain in each 4 grains of pure Sheep Pepsine 8 times stronger than other pepsines and capable of digesting 1000 times its weight of meat or other food.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS

RELIEVE WITH THE FIRST DOSE Cramps in the Stomach, Feeling of Heaviness, Sickness, Loss of Appetite, Headaches, and Sickness during pregnancy.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPSINE PEARLS

Will keep in any climate, and are without taste or smell.

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The only medicine having obtained a reward.

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ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—'One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated.

A Desideratum of the highest importance, increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

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Strongly recommended by the Profession.

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FOR LADIES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES, TRAVELLING BAGS, ETC.
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LATEST PARIS EXHIBITION, 1889.

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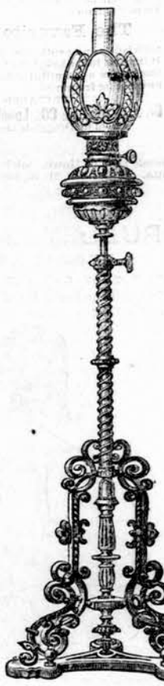

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A perfect blending of the Choicest Brands of the Highest Classes of fine Old Whiskies in their Native Purity, as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

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The proprietors are skilled blenders of Scotch Whiskies, but in all the experience of their Firm, extending nearly over the present century, they have never been able to accomplish anything so fully complying with the most exacting tests, as is now presented in this special blend of B O S

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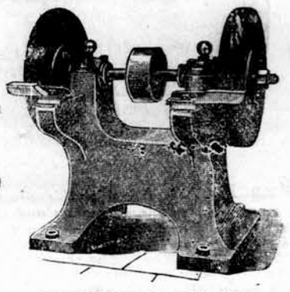
PRIZE MEDALS:
1883: International Inventions (London), 1885.



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THE MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE AND DIGESTIBLE.

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PRICE PER DOZEN Rs. 27.

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Dry
Medium dry
Extra dry.

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Purveyor to
THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE PRINCES OF BOURBON
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Can be obtained of **H. J. MARTYN,** *Penang.*

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most powerful for improving the vitality of the blood and enable the constitution to resist climatic influences.- Cures anæmia and promotes vital energy. Highly recommended for weak and debilitated children, infants and for mothers whilst nursing—Represents Iron as contained in the human organism.

LANCET. — "*A beautiful and interesting preparation.*"

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